Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM EUROPE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 13.—All the Ministers have resigned. The resignations of M. Rouher and Lavallet have been accepted by the Emperor. The other members of the Cabinet remain. The new ministry will be a transit national one. Emile Olivere refuses a portfolio for the present, but will probably accept in the end. The Radicals are indignant at the prorogation of the Legislatif body.

BREST, July 14—*Noon.*—No signals have been received through the cable from the Great Eastern since the dispatches of Monday. It is supposed some accident has occurred.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 14.—Following the example of the Tories, the Liberal party are now organizing. A number of meetings in favor of the disestablishment of the Irish Church have been advertised to be held in various parts of the Kingdom.

BELFAST, July 14 —There were serious riots here between the Catholics and Orangemen on the 12th. The windows of many buildings were smashed. One Catholic school house was gutted, and another badly damaged. Several of the rioters were wounded. One policeman had three ribs broken.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 14.—*Evening*—Consols for money 93¼; on account 93¼. 5-20 bonds in London 81⅞; quiet and steady in Frankfort at 87⅞@87; Eries 18¾; Illinois 95¾; A. and G. W. 23½. Stocks generally steady.

LIVERPOOL, July 14.—*Evening*—Cotton market a shade firmer; middling uplands 12⅛@12⅜; Orleans 13@13¼; sales 10,000 bales. California wheat 10s. 8d. Breadstuffs heavy; red western No. 2 wheat 9s. 8d. Flour 24s. Corn—No. 2 mixed 26s. 9d. new; 29s. old. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 38s. 3d. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 71s. Cheese 62s. 6d. Bacon 62s. Common Rosin 4s. 9d.: fine 16s. Spirits Petroleum 7s.; refined 7s. 6½d. Tallow 45s. Turpentine 27s.

LONDON, July 14.—*Evening*—Tallow active at 45s. 9d. Refined Petroleum 1s. 6½d. Linseed oil 32 lbs 5s. Calcutta Linseed 61s. 6d. Petreleum at Antwerp 49¼ francs.

CHINESE LABOR.

The Convention at Memphis—Reports of Committees—Address by a Chinaman.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, July 14.—The Chinese Labor Convention met this morning at ten o'clock. The attendance was large and chiefly composed of planters and landowners of neighboring States and the surrounding country.

Reports were submitted from the Finance Committee, favoring the Joint Stock Emigration Society, with officers at the principal Southern cities.

From the Emigration Committee, promising a welcome and protection to all emigrants from China and elsewhere.

From the Transportation Committee, stating that emigrants can be brought to Memphis in lots of fifty and over from the Pacific States, by rail for $50 each; from Hong Kong to San Francisco from $80 to $100 in gold.

Tye Kim Orr, a Chinaman two years in this country, now residing in Louisiana, addressed the Convention. He stated that over seventy thousand Chinese were now in the West Indies, among many of whom much distress prevails, because they were not selected with proper care. As to the effective dock hands, laborers and artizans, many were vicious criminals. They have been sent on plantations to work at labor, although they are not familiar with agriculture. They can easily be procured through proper agents from the interior of China. In Cuba they are paid four dollars per month, while farm hands are paid eighteen to twenty dollars per year. In China, where living is cheap, one hundred and fifty pounds of rice cost us there two dollars. Women work in the fields of China, except city women having small feet. One in ten is a lover of strong drink. Comparatively few are opium eaters; it is a luxury that only rich and city people can afford to indulge in. Of fifty now living in Donaldson, only one is a whisky lover. They are easily managed, being patient, industrious, docile, tractable and obedient. The produce of China is in many ways similar to that of the Southern States, and Chinese would easily become successful workers of land.

Mr. Kachman arrived at noon and addressed the Convention, stating that his house has brought 30,000 Chinese to California, where 60,000 were now engaged as mechanics and in railroad works. They are paid from 90 cents to $1.10 in gold per day. As laborers they can be induced to come from San Francisco here at $20 per month, but can be obtained much cheaper in China, and under a five year contract could be had for $10 or $12 per month. Mr. Kachman says they are not at all reliable unless security is exacted, and will take service with others if higher wages was offered. The Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

The Campaign in Tennessee.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, July 14.—The political campaign is increasing in interest. Owing to the increase of registration lists, the Conservatives are now changing their policy and propose to run candidates of their own for the Legislature where there is a chance for election. Heretofore they recommended the support of Republicans pledged to enfranchisement. Gen. Stokes' friends complain bitterly of the conduct of the new registration Commissioners, and charge that one of them has issued a certificate to a rebel soldier in Bedford.

Prizes Awarded.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, July 14.—The first prizes for singing were awarded to Liedercranz of New York, and Maenerchor of Philadelphia, and the second prizes to a Hoboken club and the Washington Saengerbund. Each received a piano. The different societies then proceeded to Schutzen Park to hear addresses and sing.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRACY.

The State Convention—Nomination of Asa Packer for Governor, and C. L. Pershing, of Cambria, for Supreme Judge—The Platform.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, July 14.—The Democratic State Convention met this morning and selected Mr. Hopkins, of Washington county, a Cass man, for temporary Chairman. The Convention then adjourned till afternoon.

Afternoon—Hon. Asa Packer has been nominated for Governor.

SECOND DISPATCH.

HARRISBURG, July 14.—The Democratic Convention was called to order this morning by Hon. W. A. Wallace, and was organized by the election of Wm. Hopkins temporary chairman and the appointment of the usual committees.

Hon. C. A. Buckalew was chosen permanent chairman, with a long list of vice presidents and secretaries.

The Committee on Resolutions reported early in the afternoon, after which the Convention proceeded to make nominations. The names of Hon. Asa Packer, Gen. G. W. Cass, Gen. W. S. Hancock and Gen. Wm. McCandless were presented, but the latter withdrew after the 1st ballot.

On the 2nd ballot Hancock received 19, Cass 47 and Packer 68, resulting in the choice of the latter.

The balloting for candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court resulted in the nomination of Hon. C. L. Pershing, of Cambria county.

The resolutions, as reported, declare against the exercise of doubtful constitutional power; that Pennsylvania would never give up self government; that the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment would go before the people; that the negro should not have the ballot; that the finances need reform: that labor reforms should be encouraged; that the whole reconstruction policy tends to destroy republican government and establish tyrany; that our soldiers should not be forgotten: that our sympathies should be given to nations struggling for liberty, and that our system of taxation is burdensome and should be done away with. The report was unanimously accepted amid some cheering.

Hancock's name was received with vociferous applause by the spectators. A letter from him, dated May 21st, positively prohibiting the use of his name, was read, but several declared their determination to vote for him in spite of it.

The result of the first ballot was as follows: Asa Packer, 59; G. W. Cass, 48; Gen. W. S. Hancock, 22; Gen. W. McCandless, 5.

CHICAGO.

Drowning Accident—Prize Fight—Bridge Washed Away—Damage by Storm—Workman Crushed to Death.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, July 14, 1869.

On Sunday afternoon two sons of Lewis Vorwick, of Minneapolis, Minn., were drowned in the St. Anthony mill-pond, at the head of the island. They were aged thirteen and seventeen years. They were walking on the logs, when the younger fell in, and the elder jumped in after him. The younger caught hold of him with desperation, and they both went down together.

A prize fight took place near St. Paul last evening between Chicago Pet and Bill Johnston. Fourteen rounds were fought in thirty-five minutes, and the fight was won by the Pet.

The bridge across the Wisconsin river at Prairie du Sac was carried away last night by the breaking up of lumber rafts. Lumber, lath and shingles line the river for miles. The loss is very heavy.

The storm, yesterday, seems to have done considerable damage in various parts of this State, as well as in Wisconsin, Iowa, &c., carrying off railroad bridges, flooding fields, cellars, &c.

Among the passengers on the steamship United Kingdom were John Bunson and his two daughters, of Quincy, Illinois, who started on a visit to Scotland, expecting to be back at the commencement of this month. Mr. Bunson's wife and three children left behind are now in Quincy.

The Western Wooden Ware Association is now in session in this city. Representatives are present from Illinois, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Missouri, Michigan and Wisconsin.

Patrick Tierny was instantly killed this morning, in the works of the Illinois Stone Dressing Company, at the corner of Wellis and Tayler streets, by being caught in a pulley which he was attempting to adjust and by which he was drawn around at the rate of seventy-five revolutions a minute for more than a minute. His body was fearfully crushed.

From the Pacific Coast.

(By Telegraphto the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 14.—A new express company has been organized here to do business in all parts of the world, with a capital of eight millions. Among the trustees are D. O. Mills, President of the Bank of California, Josiah Stanford, of Stanford Bros., Lloyd Lewis and other San Francisco capitalists.

It is reported that the Central Pacific Railroad Company has decided to form an express business and has appointed its company agents. At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Pacific Railroad Company at Sacramento, yesterday, the former board of directors were re-elected, and the old officers again chosen.

Manilla advices to May 19th say: All export duties have been abolished. The tonnage dues for vessels of reciprocal nations have been reduced 6¼ cents per Spanish ton register.

No cigars are to be had for any money, either at Manilla or Cueveto.

It is reported that all the crew, excepting captain and mates, of the American ship Southern Cross have been poisoned. It has caused great excitement at Manilla. No particulars.

Conductor Probably Fatally Injured.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ERIE, Pa., July 14.—J. Sanford, oldest a passenger conductor on the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, while looking from the platform of a car at Greenville, about twelve o'clock to-day, was struck on the head by a switch target and knocked off the train, breaking his skull and right leg in two places. His injuries are probably fatal.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Proclamation for the Mississippi Election—Enforcement of the Revenue Laws—The Military Commission Habeas Corpus Case.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, July 14, 1869.

MISSISSIPPI ELECTION—PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

The following was promulgated to-day:

By the President, a Proclamation: In pursuance of provisions of an Act of Congress approved April 10th, 1869, I hereby designate *Tuesday*, the *Thirtieth* of *November*, 1869, as the time for submitting the Constitution adopted on the 15th day of May, 1868, by the Convention which met in Jackson, Miss., to the voters of the said State, registered at the date of such submission, viz: Nov. 30th, 1869, and submit to a separate vote that part of section three of article seven of said Constitution which is in the following words: "That I am not disfranchised in any of the provisions of the acts known as the Reconstruction Acts of the Thirty-ninth or Fortieth Congress, and that I admit political and civil equality of all men, so help me God. Provided, that if Congress shall at any time remove the disabilities of any person disfranchized in the said Reconstruction acts of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Congress, and the Legislature of this State shall concur therein, then so much of this oath, and so much only, as refers to said Reconstruction acts shall not be required of such person so pardoned, to entitle him to be registered." And I further submit to a separate vote section five of the same article of said Constitution, which is in the following words: "No person shall be eligible to any office of profit or trust, civil or military, in this State, who was a member of the Legislature and voted for the call of the Convention that passed the ordinance of secession, or as a delegate to any Convention voted for or signed any ordinance of secession, or who gave voluntary aid, countenance or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility to the United States, or who accepted or attempted to exercise the functions of any office civil or military under any authority or pretended government, authority, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto, except all persons who aided reconstruction by voting for this Convention, or have continuously advocated the assembling of this Convention, and shall continue in good faith to advocate the acts of the same. But the Legislature may remove such disability. Provided that nothing in this section, except voting for or signing the ordinance of secession, shall be so construed to exclude from office the private soldier of the late so-called Confederate States army."

And I further submit to a separate vote section five, article seven, of the said Constitution, which is in the following words: "The credit of the State shall not be pledged or loaned in aid of any person, association or corporation; nor shall the State hereafter become a stockholder in any corporation or association."

And I further submit to a separate vote the part of the oath of office prescribed in section twenty-six, article twelve, of said Constitution, which is in the following words: "That I have never, as a member of any Convention, voted for or signed any ordinance of secession; that I have never, as a member of a State Legislature, voted for a call for any Convention that passed any such ordinance. The above oath shall also be taken by all the city and county officers before entering upon their duties, and by all other State officers not included in the above provision."

I direct the vote to be taken upon each of the above cited provisions alone, and upon the other portions of the said Constitution in the following manner:

Each voter favoring the ratification of the Constitution, excluding the provisions above quoted, as adopted by the Convention of May 15th, 1868, shall express his judgment by voting for the Constitution.

Each voter favoring the rejection of the Constitution, excluding the provisions above quoted, shall express his judgment by voting against the Constitution.

Each voter will be allowed to cast a separate ballot for or against the provisions above quoted.

It is understood that sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Article Thirteen, under the head of "ordinance," are considered as forming no part of the said Constitution.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this thirteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-fourth. (Signed,) U. S. GRANT.

By the President:

HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

THE YERGER CASE IN THE U. S. SUPREME COURT.

This morning at eleven o'clock Chief Justice Chase was at the conference room of the Supreme Court, in accordance with previous arrangement, to hear the argument in the Yerger case. A large number of auditors were present. Mr. Philip Phillips opened the case by reading the petition of Edward Yerger, addressed to S. P. Chase, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, stating that he is is a citizen of Mississippi, and is now illegally imprisoned and detained in custody, under the order of General Ames, and that a military commission has been constituted to try him for the alleged crime of murder. To this he objects, for the reason that he is not in any way connected with the army or navy of the United States or militia, nor is he amenable in any way to the military authorities. He says his trial is under what is commonly known as the reconstruction act, and claims his rights under the Constitution as an American citizen. He asks that a writ of *habeas corpus* be issued for his relief. He further states that in the State of Mississippi, where the alleged offense was committed, courts of justice have been open since November, 1865; that there is no obstruction to the process of the courts, and justice is generally unimpeded. Mr. Phillips read a copy of the indictment on which Yerger was arraigned before the military commission. It charges him with the murder of Capt. Joseph G. Crane, of the Commissary Department of the United States army, on the 8th of July, 1869, the weapon being a knife. Mr. Phillips said the application was based on these facts. Deprived of his liberty in violation of the Constitution of the United States, the petitioner asked to be discharged under a writ of *habeas corpus*.

The counsel then argued the question of the jurisdiction, quoting the Judiciary act of 1789, to show that any one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, as well as Judges of the District Courts, shall have power to grant writs of *habeas corpus*. The only restraining words of the statute are those which limit the application of the writ to cases where persons are in custody under or by color of the authority of the United States, or committed for trial under some Court. The applicant being arraigned by military power, he falls under the class of persons in custody under or by color of the authority of the United States. The statute did not limit the exercise of the power to any State or territory. It was conferred on Justices of the Supreme Court, whose jurisdiction was co-extensive with the whole country. It seemed to be perfectly clear, from a proper construction of the act, that it was not intended to limit the application of the writ to a Judge of the Supreme Court presiding in a particular Circuit where the offense was committed or imprisonment took place. He quoted the cases of Merryman and Edward A. Stephens, which happened during the war, in support of his argument, Chief Justice Taney, in one instance, and Associate Justice Wayne in the other, issuing writs of *habeas corpus*, the prisoners being confined in Maryland. The case now before the Chief Justice involved the most serious considerations, including the personal rights of citizens. It did more—involved the integrity of the Constitution of our country. The great principles which underlie the Constitution were not for the first time to be found in that instrument; they were inherited by the people of our country from the *magna charta* which declared that no no freeman shall be taken, imprisoned, outlawed, ravished, or dispoiled of his property, nor shall sentence be passed on him unless by a jury of his peers and in accordance with the laws of the land. On the 24th of April, 1802, when Georgia ceded to the United States the territory which now constitutes a part of the State of Mississippi, it was enacted that the ordinance of 1817 should be and remain in force in said Territory. Its provisions were that the inhabitants should always be entitled to the benefits of the writ of *habeas corpus* and right of trial by jury. When Congress subsequently provided for the organization of the State government they declared these provisions should become part of the fundamental law of the State. Accordingly they were placed in the Constitution of Mississippi and have remained there from that day to this.

Mr. Phillips then referred to the clauses of the Constitution of the United States relative to the protection of the rights of the citizen, and proceeded to notice the opinion of Attorney General Hoar in the Texas Weaver murder case, giving reasons for considering the Military Commissien a legal organization, and saying he could have no doubt that the nation can retain the territory and people within the grasp of war until relations of peace can be re-established. Were these words, asked Mr. Phillips, "within the grasp of war," original or not? Could there be a stronger expression to define most flagrant war than that term. It was a constitutional and legal phrase.

The Attorney General explained that the phrase alluded to by his brother was a quotation from a friend who had used it in another argument.

Mr. Phillips, resuming, said he thought the expression had been found in some book on the laws of war. It was, however, entitled to no consideration, because it did not express any definite idea here, nor was it warranted by any interpretation of constitutional law. He then argued that war no longer exists, notwithstanding the theory of the Attorney General. As a question of fact there could be no doubt of this, or difference in honest minds. On the 20th of August, 1866, the President issued his proclamation declaring the insurrection which had existed in Texas at an end, as in other States, and "that peace, order and tranquility and civil authority exist in and throughout the whole United States of America." Prior to this, in December, 1865, the President said in his message "the rebellion has been suppressed, and the people lately in rebellion yield obedience to the United States with more promptness and willingness than could reasonably be anticipated." The Legislature, too, as he showed, declared the war over. The President and Congress acted in accord. It was known that Congress disputed the right of the President to take measures for the reconstruction of the Southern States, and therefore it was considered necessary to take steps to lead these States back into the Union. The reconstruction act was passed on this basis, but he, Mr. Phillips, would say that the civil rights of citizens existed every where, where the Constitution has spread its shield, over all parts of the country. Whether we speak of the people of state or territory, it makes no difference, they are all under the government of the United States. Mr. Phillips replied at some length to the opinions expressed in the Texas murder case by the Attorney General, and in conclusion asked in the name of peace, and in the name of the Constitution, which had been violated in the case of Yerger, that this petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* might be granted.

Attorney General Hoar next addressed the Chief Justice, saying he should appear before him with some embarrassment, if he were to undertake to show by what right or under what duty he appeared. He had been at a loss in looking at the matter to see in what capacity His Honor was sitting here. The Supreme Court had adjourned, and although its head is here, the functions of the Court are not entrusted to any of its members. What the Supreme Court would do, it was barely necessary to inquire. He asked His Honor to look at the statute having reference to his powers. The Judiciary act has been in existence for eighty years, and never within that time was he aware that any person was ever delivered from imprisonment by a writ of *habeas corpus* issued by a Justice of the Supreme Court, out of the circuit to which he was assigned. He also quoted from the amended act of 1867, to show that a Judge must confine himself to his assigned limits. The Judges of the Supreme Court have no individual authority except what is expressed by statute. He felt sure that no member of the Court would propose to exercise doubtful jurisdiction where adequate provision has been made by law upon the rights of petition. He was at a loss what to say and how far to go into the discussion at present. He had no doubt that whatever judicial duty His Honor felt devolved upon him, whether as head of the great Court over which he presided, or in any duty devolved upon him as an individual member of the Court, he would not ask to avoid the responsibility. Where his duty was plain, His Honor would perform it. But the momentous importance of this question, fraught as it is with what even his friends on the other side must admit, before a jurisdiction most doubtful, and never before exercised by his His Honor's predecessors, in which His Honor is asked, on his single responsibility, to declare unconstitutional an act of Congress, to determine judicially a state of facts contrary to that accepted and acted on by Congress and the Executive—calling on His Honor for a decree not only of judicial intrepidity but of readiness to tread a path in which it will be unnecessary for him to tread. No case can be shown where His Honor's illustrious predecessors or associates ever exercised such a power as that now proposed, from the foundation of the government to the present hour. The Attorney General, as to the merits of petition, would simply say he recognized in the fullest degree that the Constitution of the United States extends over all its boundaries and inhabitants; that there is no power in this government to do anything inconsistent with the Constitution or not in conformity to it, and that this petitioner is entitled to whatever protection in his own right which the Constitution gives him. He then argued that when the great armies of the rebels surrendered, the State of Mississippi was found without a government of any kind, such as the Constitution of the United States requires and makes it the duty of Congress to maintain. Whatever Congress and the Executive may proceed to do, in discharge of their duty, to secure republican government in Mississippi, must be done by Constitutional means.

ACTIONS AGAINST DISTILLERIES.

The cases against Edward Lyon and Michael Weaver, on trial at Reading, Pa., have resulted in a verdict for the Government. These were actions against distilleries and some six hundred barrels of spirits, appraised at $84.000.

Martin Billmire, who was convicted several days ago at Williamsport, has been sentenced to six months imprisonment and a fine of $1,000.

Ulman, who plead guilty, has not yet been sentenced.

The Revenue Bureau is to-day in receipt of intelligence from the Supervisor of Alabama and Mississippi, to the effect that he has arrested Mr. Wills, Collector Third Mississippi District, his deputy, Mr. Quail, and a distiller. No explanation is given of the reasons for the arrests.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments are announced:

James F. Wilson, of Iowa, Government examiner of U. P. R. R. vice James Brooks; James Foote, of North Carolina, Pension Agent at Raleigh, N. C.; Harlan P. Hall, of Minnesota, Pension Agent at St. Paul; George F. Terry, of Nevada, Register of Land Office, at Austin, Nevada; Isaac T. Gibson, of Iowa, agent for Osage and other Indians of Heatha agency, vice George C. Snow, suspended; Joel T. Morris, Indian agent for Pottawattomie Indians, Kansas, vice L. A. Palmer, suspended; James S. Upton, Postmaster at Battle Creek, Michigan.

NEW ORLEANS.

Enforcing the Revenue—Active Efforts of the United States Officers—The Ring Defiant.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, July 14—A sampler, named Peter Holton, was arrested yesterday for falsely sampling recently seized sugars. He was released on $3,000 bond. There are thirty similar affidavits against him. A warrant was issued this morning by the Commissioner for the arrest of Deputy Surveyor Charles B. Keith. He also will probably be released on bond this afternoon. There are a number of other affidavits against parties implicated, and more arrests will be made this afternoon.

Among the seized cigars in the possession of Collector Stockdale, is a lot of 7,300, systematically stamped on the bottom of the boxes, so they could be opened without defacing either the impost or revenue stamps. In an establishment, seized yesterday, were about 100,000 cigars, a portion of which only were stamped. The Revenue officers are in possession of the building and are engaged in an investigation.

The proceedings against Deputy Surveyor Keith are in suspense, awaiting the result of depositions on his part, which are expected to make important disclosures. August Caulaurie, arrested this afternoon by Marshal Packard, on a warrant from Commissioner Urban, was paroled till to-morrow morning. A warrant was also issued for Caulaurie's chief clerk.

Collector Casey labors under heavy disadvantages in the prosecution of these cases, on account of the absence of District Attorney Morgan, who has gone to Europe, leaving his office in charge of a clerk, just at the time when efficient legal aid is necessary for the protection of the interests of the Government. It is the universal opinion of the United States officers here that able special counsel should be appointed by the Government for these cases, on account of the large number of persons implicated, the immense amounts involved and the labor attached, and because, also, of the determined efforts of interested parties to defeat the Government officers.

Parties connected with the ring freely state their confidence in their ability to triumph, no matter what evidence is brought against them.

Internal Revenue Supervisor Conklin leaves to-night for Washington. He states that further aggressive actions against revenue defrauders in his department will shortly be taken and interesting developments made.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Rights of Cherokee Land Settlers—A Decision by Secretary of Interior—Operations Against Indians.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, July 14.—A decision in reference to the rights of the settlers on the Cherokee neutral lands in Kansas, has just been made by Hon. J. D. Cox, Secretary of the Interior, which settles the vexed question which has agitated the people for the past year located on those lands. Instructions in accordance with Secretary Cox's decision have been sent to the proper authorities in Kansas. The following is the opinion:

Washington, D. C., July 6.—SIR: I have carefully examined your report of the 21st of April, relative to the communication of W. R. Laughlin, Esq., claiming to represent certain settlers on the Cherokee neutral lands in Kansas, and in their behalf asking that the sale of those lands to James F. Jay, under a contract with this Department, dated June 8, 1868, be set aside, and they, the settlers, be allowed to purchase the tracts so settled upon. I now return Mr. Laughlin's letter, with the request that you will inform Hon. Sidney Clark, by whom it was referred, that the Department can recognize no rights in the class of settlers represented by Mr. Laughlin to the lands claimed by them, and therefore declines to take the action applied for.

In the same report you bring to my notice the fact that as yet the settlers upon the lands which have been reported by the appraisers as entitled to receive patents therefor have not been notified to make payment of the appraised value of the tracts awarded them, giving as a reason for not complying with the instructions of the Department of the 28th of December last, in this respect, the want of adequate clerical force in your office to make the proper comparison of the tract books with the plats of survey. In order to remove this difficulty, and close the whole business with as little delay as possible, you are authorized to employ the necessary clerical assistance in the cases of contested claims for land settled upon prior to or at the date of the ratification of the treaty concluded with the Cherokees, July 19th, 1866. You will be governed alone by the award of the Commissioners.

[Signed] J. D. COX,
Secretary Interior.

To Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—A dispatch from Omaha gives the following report from Gen. E. A. Carr, of his operations against the Indians:

On the 11th inst., I surprised a village of Dog Soldiers and Cheyennes, under command of Tall Bull, killed fifty-two, and captured seventeen women and children, among them a wife and daughter of Tall Bull. They had two white women, taken on the Saline. They murdered one, whose first name is said to be Susanna. We gave her christian burial. They attempted to murder Maria Weigel, but the ball glanced on a rib and she will probably recover. The surprise was very complete for such an open country. They did not get off a single pack, left most of their saddles, and will have no shelter or food except horse meat until they can find buffalo. We captured three hundred and fifty animals, eighty-six lodges, forty rifles, twenty pistols, a number of robes, and a quantity of camp equipage, which was destroyed.

Ohio Temperance Convention—State Ticket Nominated.

(By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MANSFIELD, July 14.—The State Prohibitory Convention met here to-day, J. A. Sumner, of Summit, Chairman, and Dr. C. H. Merrick, of Cleveland, Secretary. Delegates were present from the 5th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 13th, 14th, 17th and 18th Districts, about forty in number. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we reaffirm the platform adopted at the Crestline Convention, regarding it as but courteous to our friends in other States to waive the settlement of a complete National platform until the Convention in Chicago on the first of September.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the Ohio State Temperance party to nominate no one for any office, State, county or township, except such as have subscribed to the Crestline Temperance platform.

J. O'Dell offered other resolutions, explanatory of the objects of the temperance political movement and the reasons therefor. Adopted.

Nominations for State officers were then made as follows: Governor, J. E. Ingersoll, of Cuyahoga; Lieutenant Governor, Dr. Wadsworth, of Cincinnati; Treasurer of State, Thomas Edmundson, of Clark county; Attorney General, J. A. Summers, of Summit county; Member of Board of Public Works, L. B. Silver, of Columbiana county. After the transaction of further unimportant business the Convention adjourned.

The Flood in the Colorado Valley.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GALVESTON, Texas, July 14.—To day cars were sent out from Harrisburg, Texas, with boats to rescue sufferers by the flood in the Colorado valley, who had taken refuge in the tree tops in Eagle Lake Bottom, and who had been two days in that position. It is said the water is two feet over the tops of the telegraph poles on the farms in Eagle Lake Bottom. There are various rumors from Bastrop, but as communication is entirely cut off none can be credited. It is impossible at present to arrive at any estimate of the loss to towns along the Colorado. The water has fallen six feet, but in the Brazos it was still rising. All the rivers near San Antonia are out of banks.

Colored Educational Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, July 14.—The Colored State Educational Convention met at Benson's Theatre this forenoon. Nearly every county in the State was represented. The delegates numbered about two hundred. The Convention was called to order by Col. Runkle and was afterwards permanently organized by the selection of Rev. J. H. Young as Chairman. The Convention then adjourned until 8 P. M. when a series of speeches were delivered denouncing in very severe terms the attitude of Kentucky towards the colored people. Prior to the meeting of the Convention several colored societies paraded the streets with music and banners.

—The Congressional Committee of Ways and Means are visiting the cities of Oregon and the ports of Puget's Sound.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

A PERTINENT QUESTION.

A cartoon in the London *Judy* represents Canada in the guise of a handsome young woman sitting by Brittania's side, complaining, while Brother Jonathan, as ugly as he can be, but very natural, stands at a short distance picking his teeth with his knife. And these verses are attached:

Mamma, dear, look at that odious man.
Do you think I ever could bear him?
No, not for the wealth of a Kouli Kann—
I feel as if I could tear him!

Look at his *roue*, used up air,
And his smoke-dried bilious features;
He flatters himself, but I think him—there!
The nastiest of all creatures!

What with his "quid" and his nasal twang,
And his constant expectorating,
His dirty hands, and his Yankee slang,
He's "a thing" I can't help hating.

When a girl says "No," his vanity's such
That he winks, and "doesn't believe her,"
Though the paltry coxcomb's horrible touch
Would send me into a fever.

I've told the fellow he needn't come
With his ogling sidelong glances;
But he says, "Sweet miss, the old folks at home
Ain't averse to my "love advances."

Do save me, mamma, and make him go—
His sickening attentions fill me
With loathing. Pray tell him he is *de trop*;
The thoughts of him almost kill me!

Tell him—yes, tell him—its vain for me
His ill-earn'd dollars to jingle;
Say that I've made up my mind to be
Yours only, or always single!

Bid him "make tracks" if he loves his skin,
Or else that papa will make him,
When he sets our bull-dog, Holdfast, within
An inch of his life to snake him!

PENNSYLVANIA.

CORRY has lost the small pox.

SCRANTON has a new cemetery.

THE Episcopalians of Mauch Chunk are building a new church.

THE Insane Asylum at Harrisburgh has over three hundred inmates.

THE Altoona *Vindicator* is to get the benefit of a picnic on the 16th and 17th insts.

A FARMER in Sinking Valley, Blair county, caught a snake trying to milk one of his cows.

THE Fire Department of Norristown will make an excursion to Cape May on the 1st of August.

THE Harrisburg papers think the next census will show a population of thirty thousand in that city.

HARRISBURG temperance men are enforcing the law against selling liquor to minors and on Sunday.

LAST week a number of beardless youths started from Huntingdon to seek their fortunes in the far west.

THE Ebensburg *Alleghenian* says that the telegraph from there to Cresson will be completed in three weeks.

A LITTLE SON of H. F. Mundy, of Williamsport, lost an eye on Thursday by the explosion of a fire-cracker.

SOME of the boss carpenters of Allentown have reduced the wages of their employes twenty-five cents per day.

A LAD named Benjamin Young was placed under arrest for attempting to fire the Winebrenarian church in Altoona.

WILLIAM LOGAN GEARY, son of Gov. Geary, has been appointed by the President to a cadetship at large, at West Point.

A LITTLE boy in Pottstown, recently fell through the floor of a well twenty-six feet in depth, and yet escaped but little hurt.

ALLENTOWN is to have a new Directory, and in connection with the same, a correct list of all the farmers in Lehigh county.

AS AN epidemic the scarlet fever is raging near Scranton, Pa. Five deaths occurred at Hyde Park last week from that disease.

LAFAYETEE COLLEGE has been made the recipient of a municipal gift of $25,000, from Daniel Beaver, Esq., of Danville, Pa.

ABOUT 2,500 tons of bituminous coal are used every year to supply the Reading gas works, and this is procured from Pittsburgh.

A YOUNG man in Allentown threw a torpedo at a young lady on the street, for which he was compelled to pay five dollars fine.

IT IS expected that the Lehigh Valley Railroad will be extended from Tunkhannock to Towanda during the month of August next,

JENNIE, a daughter of Mr. G. Miller, of Huntingdon, aged 13 years, died suddenly from the effects of eating cherries together with the seeds.

A LITTLE girl named Bulger, of New Hope, Bucks county, was burned to death last week in the modern way—kindling a fire by the aid of petroleum.

THE Columbia (Lancaster county) rolling mill is idle, and it is said the machinery, &c., are going to decay, owing to no attention being paid to them.

ON last Sunday evening two dogs came into the enclosure of Mr. John Vanvoorhis, of Carroll township, Fayette county, and killed forty-three of his sheep.

A BOGUS New York *Tribune* reporter has been doing Scranton. He took notes on all subjects, but whether he took pecuniary notes has yet to be developed.

A LITTLE son of Andrew Boreman, in Lancaster county, had one of his legs so badly mutilated by a mowing machine, the other day, that it had to be amputated.

HENRY F. DRUCKENMILLER, once a prosperous carriage manufacturer of Doylestown, met with reverses and hanged himself to a bed post in Philadelphia.

G. W. HAWS, of Johnstown, while driving a large omnibus with four horses, for the first time, was thrown from his seat and crushed to death under the wheels.

THE Vigilant Fire Company, of Altoona, have purchased a lot on the corner of Claudia and Annie streets, on which they intend erecting an engine house and other necessary buildings.

A LITTLE girl six years old, named Ellen Donohue, residing in Reading, fell into a drain near the pipe mill of Seyfert, M'Manus & Co., in that city, on Thursday last, and was drowned.

THE Reading *Eagle*, Democratic, proposes to raise one million of dollars for the present gubernatorial campaign, by issuing twenty-five cent certificates, to be taken by all good Democrats.

WILLIAMS, the horse thief, who escaped from the Chester county prison, on Wednesday last, is still at large. His Jack Sheppard style of escape is strong evidence that he will not soon be captured.

A GIRL named Margaret Jane Glenner, of Richland township, Cambria county, while in a field where there were some horses, was kicked by one of them in the back of the neck and almost instantly killed.

RECENTLY John Taggart and his wife, Hannah Horton Taggart, celebrated their golden wedding in Northumberland, Pa. There were twenty persons present, whose united ages amounted to fifteen hundred years.

A TRAVELER in Pennsylvania asked the landlord if they had any cases of sunstroke in that town. "No sir," said the landlord. "If a man gets drunk here we say he is drunk, and never call it by any other name."

THE State Convention of Common School Superintendents will meet in Harrisburg on Tuesday, July 20th, at 2 o'clock P. M, Free return tickets will be issued by the Pennsylvania railroad to members attending the Convention.

A RUMOR started a fortnight or so ago, to the effect that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company had by large purchases and transfers of stocks obtained the control of the Reading Railroad and its branches is authoritatively denied.

IN York county, the other day, a horse hitched to a mowing machine, took fright and undertook to run away, but the machine proved too much for him and mowed both his hind legs below the knees. Of course, the animal had to be killed.

MISS ANNIE KELLER, of Ephrata township, Lancaster county, was picking cherries on a tree, a few days since, when the limb on which she was standing broke, and she fell to the ground, a distance of about thirty feet, receiving injuries from which she died.

THE railing around the Mexican monument, in Harrisburgh, is to be of a unique and curious pattern. The posts represent a bundle of arrows surmounted by Roman battle axes; the uprights are made of condemned muskets with bayonets attached.

THE "Centre Turnpike" runs from Northumberland borough, (formerly from Lewisburg, perhaps,) to Pottsville, and is a very conservative institution. John Taggart has been its Treasurer for forty years; Dr. Priestly, President, ten years; Maj. D. Taggart, Secretary, twenty-six years; and its twelve managers have served all the way from thirty-six years down to one.

OHIO.

THE new M. E. Church at Belmont was dedicated last Sunday.

WHILE bathing Charles Weaver was drowned near Wooster last week.

MRS. PETER RUCH, of Wayne county, was thrown from her carriage and killed last Friday.

THE average price of wool realized, during the past week has been about forty-three and a half cents per pound.

PHILENAS SMITH of Bath, Summit county, was killed by falling beneath the wheels of his wagon. He was 73 years of age.

NATHAN GRISELL, of Loydsville, died very suddenly on Thursday last of apoplexy. He was an old citizen of the county and a soldier of the war of 1822.

THE Akron *Beacon* congratulates the citizens of that place that their "fine Opera house with its seating capacity for over 2,000 persons" will soon be opened.

SAMUEL STENGER, of Kilgore, Carroll county, has sold five hundred Buckeyes. He has sold over thirty machines for this year. The Buckeye is appreciated in "little Carroll."

A RAILROAD meeting will be held at Minerva on Friday, July 16, (same day at Waynesburgh,) to open books for the Cincinnati, Salem, Youngstown and Eastern Railway.

THE law requiring physicians, midwives, sextons, &c., to return births and deaths to the Probate Judge has been repealed, It is made the duty of Assessors to return such statistics hereafter.

THE "anti hanging" element in Belmont county are at work getting up a petition to the Governor, asking him to commute the sentence of Carr, who was found guilty of murder in the first degree to imprisonment for life.

A LITTLE child, about two years old, the daughter of Thomas Duffey, of Steubenville, fell into the cellar, on Tuesday afternoon of last week, in which there were some two feet of water, and was drowned before discovered—thorough search had been made an hour previous.

THE Coroner's jury in the case of Jno. Fisher, who was killed while peeping into the house of T. P. Pease, in Massillon, Ohio, justified the homicide by a declaration that "the said Theodore P. Pease was then and there in the lawful enjoyment and possession of said premises, and was then and there protecting the same."

A BOY nine or ten years of age, named Farrell, at Youngstown, was found, on Friday morning, drowned in a barrel sunk in the ground, in which was about six inches of water. It is supposed that he fell in headforemost and was so stunned that he was drowned, or else that the smallness of the barrel prevented his extricating himself.

THE Senatorial Convention for the counties of Jefferson and Columbiana was held at Wellsville, on Tuesday of last week, and resulted in the nomination of Dunbar, of Steubenville, on the following vote: Columbiana county, Dunbar 31; Updegraff 13. Jefferson, Dunbar 15; Updegraff 14. Making the vote stand Dunbar 46; Updegraff 27.

THE following is the Republican ticket in Carrol county: Representative, Wm. Adair; Probate Judge, Wm. McCoy; Auditor, Wm. A. McAlister; Treasurer, W. H. Buchanan; Sheriff, James A. George; Recorder, James Holler; County Commissioner, Thomas M. Creighton; Infirmary Directors, James Maple, Abraham Adams; Coroner, J. J. Blackburne.

A MAN near Massillon had two thousand bushels of wheat, for which he was offered three dollars a bushel. The price was not high enough, so he kept it until last week, when he cleaned it up and found he had just two hundred bushels left. The weevil had almost destroyed it. He took what he had and sold it in Canton for one dollar a bushel. Verdict: Served him right.

ON Saturday last, as two lads about twelve years old, whose names are not given, were playing on Licking Creek, near Zanesville, they saw the body of a boy floating down stream, and, swimming out to it, they brought it to shore. As the body was still warm they made use of the proper means, and succeeded, unaided, in effecting the resuscitation of the boy, who in the course of an hour was able to walk to his home, a mile distant.

THE contract for the grading of the first six miles of the Marietta and Pittsburgh R. R. was let last Friday, and that work will be commenced at once and put through with energy. About one-half of the first installment of subscription for this county has been paid in, and the balance soon will be. The early completion of this road is now reduced to a certainty.

ON Monday last, two men living near Rock Hill, near St. Clairsville, got into an altercation and from words the parties went further. We have not learned the name of the party killed, but he is said to have drawn a knife and made a demonstration against a man by the name of ——— Parks, who picked up a stone and struck the party, from the effects of which he died on Tuesday morning. They had previously quarreled.

ON Market street, Steubenville, a strange freak of lightning occurred on Saturday night of last week. Mr. Allen was sitting on a chair a few feet from the door, watching the flood without, when the chimney of the building was struck, knocking the bricks and mortar about in lively confusion. The electricity followed the flue leading into the store room where Mr. Allen was sitting, and struck him upon the right foot, tearing the leather off the top of the boot, loosening the sole, and was gone.

THE Republican State Central Committee met recently, and organized by electing General J. S. Robinson, of Kenton, Chairman, and Captain Rodney Foos, Secretary. The Committee then selected the following Executive Committee: Hon. R. D. Harrison, Chairman; Captain Rodney Foos, Secretary; Hon. S. S. Warner, Treasurer; ex-Governor Dennison, E. T. Hall, J. O. Howard and Colonel W. R. Thrall, of Columbus. The gentlemen composing this committee have had much experience in state politics, and are earnest workers.

A New People Discovered in Africa—A Race Like the Anglo-Saxon of Asiatic Origin—Their Religion Spiritual—Their Government Monarchical.

(From the Observer.)

In the southwestern portion of Africa is a tract about 300 miles in breadth, from north to south, and between 400 and 600 in length, from east to west, laid down on the maps as Herero Land or Damara Land. It extends from the Cuene river, on the north, to Walfisch Bay, on the south, and from the coast to Lake Ngami, in the interior. Very few Europeans have visited it; three elephant hunters only, between 1857 and 1864. Anderson, whose works on "Lake Ngami," &c., are so well known, Green and Smuts. Anderson was so much pleased with the country that he purchased a large tract of land there and raised some thousands of cattle. He died there in the early part of the present year.

There are two races inhabiting the country, the Bechuanas, who occupy some kraals or villages in the central and northern part, but who are in a dependant condition, and the Ovas, of several tribes, (Ovambo, Ovarkereis, Ovambautieru, Ovamguari, Ovakuenama, Ovambuere, &c.,) a red race, with long hair—curly, but never woolly—regular features and fine forms. These are the ruling race, and exhibit a high degree of intelligence, and many characteristics which indicate their Asiatic origin. They are governed by a king—Tjikongo—of the Ovambo race, who resides at Ondonga. He is assisted in the government by a council, without whose consent he can not execute any measure. Each tribe has its prince and its territory, and the princes are subject to the king and council, by which, for any offense against the laws, they may be deposed or put to death. Each principality is divided into districts, governed by chiefs, who are amenable to the princes, but have an appeal to the king and council. Their roads are excellent, and each has an inspector, whose business it is to see that every person coming into the kingdom is stopped and entertained until his name and purpose can be forwarded to the king, and permission obtained for him to travel through the country. In the case of explorers and hunters, there is unusually little difficulty; but traders are required to procure some responsible citizen of the country to be their guarantee that they shall deal honorably, and pay all the debts they contract.

The region of the country is, in many respects, so much like that of the Parsees, as to induce the belief that the Ovas belong to that race, or have been under its tuition. They are not idolators, but believe in a Supreme Being, the Creator, who is omnipresent, omnipotent, and omniscient, and whose symbols are the sun and the fire, and to these they pay homage as his representatives, but offer no sacrifices to them. They keep the sacred fire constantly burning, and the princes, who are also priests, entrust to their daughters, and sometimes to their wives, the duty of superintending these sacred fires. The Ovas also believe in the existence of a very powerful evil spirit, who is not, however, omniscient nor omnipresent; and to his interference they attribute their misfortunes and accidents, but they offer no sacrifices to him. They are said to be honest, industrious and temperate people, far more regardful of their word, and more observant of good morals, than most of the African nation.

Terrible Scene in a Menagerie.

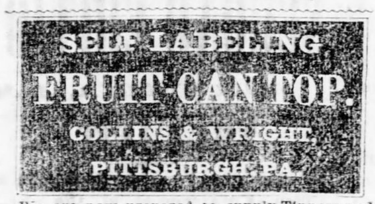
A traveling menagerie, situated at one end of a fair held in the neighborhood of Orleans, France, suddenly disappeared in the night time, leaving no trace behind. The cause was afterwards ascertained to be as follows:

The wife of the proprietor, who was nursing a little girl of five months, was summoned into the menagerie by one of the attendants, at about four o'clock the preceding afternoon, to give directions about the service. In passing along outside the cages where the animals were confined her dress swept the bars of one which contained a lion, the ferocious instincts of which had been excited by the smell of raw meat, just brought in for feeding time and lying at hand. The animal caught hold of the gown with one paw, and, as the woman turned suddenly round, snatched with the other the child out of her arms and dragged it within the cage. The poor mother filled the air with her cries, and even struggled to disengage the infant from the jaws of the beast, but all in vain; and when assistance arrived the child had been already half devoured. The horror of the husband, who came in soon after, was mingled with rage, and seizing a gun he shot the lion dead upon the spot. Immediately after, orders for instant departure were issued.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenue.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters, It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing TWENTY-NINTH STREET, from Penn to Smallman street MULBERRY ALLEY, from 28th to 29th street, will be received until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869.

Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject an or all bids.
jy10:ms H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., PITTSBURGH, July 8 h, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 22d inst., inclusive, for the erection of a new WOODEN STRUCTURE at the Bridge over Streets Run, at Risher's Mill, on the Elizabethtown Road, on the line between Baldwin and Mifflin Townships.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT,
jy :103 d&T1 Controller.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 8, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for GRADING, PAVING and CURBING the following streets will be received at this office until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869:

FORBES STREET, from Magee to Chestnut street.

WILLOW STREET, from Fortieth to Forty-fourth street.

THIRTY-FIRST STREET, from Liberty street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

And for Grading and Paving:

SNOWDEN ALLEY, from Hemlock alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

APPLE ALLEY from Marion to Miltenberger street.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office, and no bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. H. J. MOORE,
jy8:19† City Engineer.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:ry21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:ll0

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND, Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND, Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

SLATE.
ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS
Qualities and Colors.
Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address
J. S. NEWMYER,
No. 43 Seventh Avenue,
mh31:g66 PITTSBURGH, PA

mh10:e28

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement. for sale by J. B CANFIELD

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale J. B. CANFIELD.

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES, BUTTONS, EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

GREAT REDUCTIONS
IN
Straw and Millinery
GOODS.
HAIR, GIMP AND BRAID HATS AND BONNETS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
CRAPES, ILLUSIONS,
LACES, FRAMES, &c., &c.
At Very Low Prices.
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
STAR SHIRTS,
SUSPENDERS,
NECK WEAR,
HOSIERY,
LADIES FINE COTTON,
BALBRIGGAN, LISLE,
and SILK HOSE.
GENTS SUPERFINE AND FANCY HALF HOSE.
FINE SILK FANS,
PALM AND LINEN FANS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BOULEVARDE AND WHITE SKIRTS,
WHITE GOODS,
ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
PIQUE HATS, something new.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, LACE GOODS,
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.
New Goods Arriving Daily.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
jy12

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
O. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley.
PITTSBURGH, PA

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES
409 PENN STREET.
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Cana
JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whisk
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS HOPS, &c. mh28:n

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Heavy and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated; Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects, as biotchnes, weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future evil, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system a reuder marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovarian pruritis, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that special than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free also or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelope. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten airy rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who has failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY July 14, 1869.

The most important feature we have to notice is an acknowledgement by the Titusville *Herald* of an error of twenty-five thousand barrels in regard to the shipments from the oil regions in the month of June. This changes the aspect of the production materially as instead of a decrease of nearly one hundred barrels compared, with May, as the last report of the *Herald* made it, these additional twenty-five thousand barrels make an actual *increase* of between 700 and 800 bbls. It is also contended, by parties who claim to be posted, that the errors of the *Herald* will reach forty thousand barrels, and that statistics will be forth-coming within the next few days to establish this beyond a doubt. Under the influence of these and other reports, the market to-day was very dull and tame, and compared with yesterday, prices have still further declined.

CRUDE.

Sales 3,000 seller July at 14½; 2,000 do at 14½; and a "put" of 5,000 bbls all year at 14, and one thousand dollars. Yesterday July sold at 14¾, while this evening, there were but few, if any, buyers even at 14¼.

REFINED.

Sale 1,000 July at 31¾; 500 do at 31¾; and 500 August at 32½. In the evening, 31½ was the best offer for July.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

G. S. Thomas	2,000	bbls
Fisher & Bro	800	"
Pool & Bro	240	"
John Spear	100	"
Parker & Thompson	80	"
Total	3,220	bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 500 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Works 500 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 200 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle, 191 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 250 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 1,741

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Fleming & Co. 2000 bbls ref. oil to Bostwick & Telford, Phil'a.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 49 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co,, Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 2,049

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 155 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Ralston & Waring, 255 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 410

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, July 14, 1869.

CATTLE.

The market for cattle has been quite active thus for this, week and, if anything, the feeling is stronger than last week, and prime to extra steers are a shade higher, though upon the whole there is no material change in prices. There are an unusually large number of buyers in attendance; Philadelphia and New York are largely represented, and there are quite a number of dealers from Lancaster, Chester and other adjoining counties in the eastern part of the State.

Good to prime shipping steers may be quoted at 7¾@8, and A. Johnston sold a drove of fancy Ohio steers to Henry Miller, at 8¼, and we are cognizant of another drove having been sold at 9¼, delivered in Philadelphia. There is a better demand for stock cattle than there has been for some time, and we quote this grade of cattle at 4@5½, as to qualily and condition.

(We take pleasure in calling the attention of stock growers and drovers generally, to the card of Messrs Hazlewood & Blackstock, commission merchants. This is an old firm, and is well and favorably known to the trade. Mr. Hazlewood is one of the oldest dealers in the business, and his partner, Mr. Blackstock has been engaged in butchering and droving ever since he was able to walk. The Junior, Hazlewoods have also had considerable experience in handling stock; we are of the opinion that what this firm does not know about the stock business is not worth knowing.)

WEDNESDAY, July 7.—Shamberg to Hartzel 19, weighing 19,975, at 6½; Haddington to Motes 18, weighing 21,425, at 6,50; Gartell to Huntsberger 20, weighing 18,650.

THURSDAY, July 8.—Hazlewood & Co. for O'Donnell to Voter 17, weighing 21,425, at 7¼; Hedges & Taylor for Munhall to Martin 64, weighing 81,375, at 7¾; Harris to Voter 16, weighing 19,450, at 7,35; Welling to same 128, weighing 162,775, at 8; Kessenger to Crum 16, weighing 18,425, at 7,30; Hedges to T. for Munhall to Voter 42, weighing 36,175, at 5; Bortholemow to Voter 78, weighing 83,078, at 6¾; same to sme 102, weighing 119,050, at 7½; Holmes & Co. for Peters to Koroth 18, weighing 19,100; Adams to McArdle 20, at 5@5,50; Smith & Blue to Landis 51, weighing 59,600, at 7,40; Holmes L. & Co. for Brown to Aull 16, weighing 20,625; Jarrett to Huntzberger 31, weighing 43,825. at 8—$16 off; Hedges & T. for Eberly to McArdle 10, weighing 13,525 at 7½; Needy to Briggs 31, weighing 42,952; Noteu to Aull 20, weighing 20,600; Kious to Martin 47, weighing 62,675, at 7¾; same to same 31, weighing 42,900 at 8.

FRIDAY, July 9.—Holmes, L. & Co. for Hadden to Miller 52, weighing 60,175, at 7,45; Needy to Klemen 48, weighing 64,475, at 7¾—$25 off; Holmes, L. & Co. for Haden to McMahon 71, weighing 81,700, at 7,45; same for Cochran to Wallach 20, weighing 22,350, at 7,20; same for Abbott to Duffey 58, weighing 52,550, at 4,90; Evans to Miller 18, weighing 21,875, at 7,45; Fairall to McGarvey 18, weighing 19,620, at 7,40; Holmes, L. & Co; to Mussellman 101.

TUESDAY, July 13—Hedges & Taylor for Stafford to Gillett 68, weighing 86,330, at 7,40; Heskett to Boster 35, weighing 42,300, at 7,50; Hedges & T. for Stafford to Briggs 34, weighing 43,760, at 7,40; same for same to same 33, weighing 38,670, at 7,15; Hazlewood & Blackstock for Campbell to O'Donnell 19, weighing 21,700, at 6¾; Campbell to Briggs 57, weighing 55,810, ——; Downing to O'Donnell 35 weighing 42,090; Taylor to Briggs 16, weighing 20,360.

WEDNESDAY, July 14.—Higgens to Landis 16, weighing 14,940; Hedges & Taylor for Smith & B. to Roth 47, weighing 49,840, Brown to Fritz 50, weighing 65,020, at 7,78; Monroe to Musselman 18, weighing 19,000, at 6,90; Holmes, L. Co. for Atkinson to Moses 12, weighing 7,670, at 5½; same for Smith & R. to Landis 17, weighing 17,250, same for Brown to Miller 18, weighing 19,000, at 7¼; same for Marshall to Moses 18, weighing 17,370; same for Brown to Miller 35, weighing 40,380; Campbell to Briggs 36, weighing 44,650, at 7¾; Traurman to Runyon 14, weighing 17,300, at 7¾; Aull to Hines 10, weighing 6,380, at 4¾; Hazlewood & B. for Campbell to Lamb 35, weighing 44,790, at 7¾ and $30 premium.

SHEEP.

The Sheep market, particularly for the better grades, is considerably stronger than last week, and prices are fully a quarter. perhaps, a half higher. Both New York and Philadelphia buyers were anxious to buy, and all the good sheep offered were picked up and that too at the advanced prices. We now quote fair to good at 3@4; prime, 4¾@5 and extra 5¼. As has been the case for some time past, there is little or no demand for low grade sheep, and inferior will scarcely bring enough to pay feed bills, yarding and cost of transportation.

HOGS.

The exceedingly hot weather is operating badly on the Hog market, and compared with last week, prices a shade lower. We now quote Philadelphia Hogs at 9½@9¾, and Yorkers at 8¾@9c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Ashes; pots quiet and steady at $7,37@7,62; pearls nominal. Cotton opened steady with a fair inquiry, and closed drooping; 2,600 bales at 34¼c for uplands. Flour less active and without chauge in price, receipts 4,804, sales 840 bbls at $5,20@5,60 for State and western; $6,50@6,90 for extra State, $6,20@6,90 for extra western; $7@7,25 for white wheat extsa tra; $6,50@7 for R. H. O.; $7@7,50 for extra St. Louis; $8@10 for choice do, closing quiet; also, last evening 6,000 bbls at $6,25@6,50 for extra western; $6,50@6,75 for extra State, part export and part on speculation; California flour steady. 400 bbls at $6,50@9; Oregon flour quiet at $8@9,50; rye flour firmer; 500 bbls at $6,30@6,60. Whiskey firmer at $2,50 for western, and $1,05 for free. Wheat is irregular and unsettled, receipts are 173,089 bush, opening heavy and closing more steady, with sales of 135,000 bus at $1,47@1,51 for No. 2 spring, latter an extreme, $1,54@1,55 for No. 1 do, $1,55@1,65 for new amber Southern, $1,45 for Nos. 2 and 3 spring mixed, $1,70 for choice Southern Illinois, $2,00 for new white Southern winter; red western on private terms. Rye heavy and more active, with sales of 8,000 bus western at $1,25@1,28, and 1,200 bus State at $1,27@1,30. Barley and Barley Malt dull and nominal. Rye Malt; sales of 600 bus at $1,25. Corn; receipts of 23,083; opened 1c better and closed dull with the advance lost; sales of 91,000 bus at 72@88c for unsound new mixed western, 92@95c for sound do., 93c for kiln dried, 98c for handsome western yellow. Oats—receipts of 2,095 bus; heavy and declining, with sales of 34,000 bus at 81@82c for western afloat; closing at inside price. Linsed Oil quiet at $1,00. Rice dull. Coffee firm; sales of 1,100 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar firm. with sales of 400 hhds Cuba at 11@12c. Molasses dull. Petroleum firm at 17¼c for crude, and 31½c for refined. Hops quiet at 8@15c for American. Coal; domestic steady at $7,50@8,00 per ton, by cargo. Leather; Hemlock sole without change at 30@32c for Buenas Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights, 20½@29c for heavy do., 30@31½c for California light and middle weights, and 26½@28c for heavy do. Wool quiet and steady; sales of 200,000 pounds at 48@57c for domestic fleece, 42@44c for pulled, 35c for Texas. Provisions; Pork quiet and lower, with sales of 650 bbls at $32,25@32,45 for new mess, closing at $32,25 cash, $31,75 for old do., $26,50@27 for prime, and $28,50@29 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales of 180 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady; sales of 370 bbls at $20@21,50@23 for choice. Cut meats quiet; sales of 170 packages at 13½@14c for shoulders, 16½@17½c for hams. Middles firm and quiet; sales of 50 boxes iecured at 16½c. Lard quiet and a shade firmer; sales 450 tierces at 17¼@19¾ for steam, and 19¾@20½ for kettle rendered; also, 250 tierces steam, seller for July, at 19¾, and 250 tierces do., seller for August, at 20c. Butter quiet at 16@36c for State. Cheese steady at 11@11½c for common to prime. Metals—Sheathing Copper at 32c. Ingot Copper very quiet at 22@22¼c. Lake Superior Pig Iron quiet and drooping at 38@50c for Scotch, and 36@42 for American. Bar Iron very dull at $85@90 for refined English and American. Sheet Iron dull at 11@13c, gold, for Russia. Nails quiet at $4,70@4,75 for cut, $6,20@6,25 for clinch, and 26@30c for horse shoe. Freights to Liverpool heavy and declining; shipments—25,000 bush wheat at 8¼d per sail, and 9d per steam.

Latest—Flour quiet and without change in price. Wheat steady with a fair export demand at $1,48@1,51 for No. 1 spring. Rye heavy at $1,26@1,27 for western. Oats dull and heavy at 81c for western afloat. Corn dull at 70@88c for unsound; sound, 90@93½c. Mess Pork sold for cash and regular. Beef steady and quiet. Cut Meats firm with a moderate demand. Bacon dull and nominal. Lard quiet at 19¼@19⅝c for good to prime steam. Eggs firm at 24@26c.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Exchange firm at 1-10 premium. Freights quiet and steady; engagements at 5c on wheat to Buffalo. Flour fairly active, particularly for low and medium grades; sales at $6,37½@8,87½ for winter extras, $5,75@6,50 for spring extras and $4,75@5,25 for spring superfine. Wheat quiet and rather unsettled, but without material change; sales of No. 1 at $1,33@1,34 and No. 2 at $1,29½@1,30½, closing at $1,30¼ for speculative purposes; a tolerably fair inquiry existed at $1,31@1,32, seller for August, and $1,31½, buyer, and $1,29½@1,30½, seller for July, for No. 2. Corn quiet but firmer; sales of No. 1 at 82@83c and No. 2 at 79¼@81c, closing at 80@80¾c for future dalivery; liberal sales were made at 83c, seller last half of July, for No. 1, and 80¼@80¾c, seller last half July, 79¼@80¼c, 82c, buyer July, and 81¼@82c, seller August, for No. 2; sales since close of 'change at 80c, seller July, and 81¾c, seller August Oats active, closing at 66¾@67c for No. 2. Rye more active and firmer, closing at $1,06 for No. 1. Barley: market bare, quotations nominal. Highwines quiet and sellers apart; transactions light; sales of Mess Pork $33@33,25, closing at the outside. Lard quiet and unchanged; sales at 17⅞c. Sweet pickled hams steady at 16¾c. Dry salted shoulders at 12¾@13c. Receipts—2,547 bbls flour, 81,900 bush wheat, 58,970 bush corn, 22,172 bush oats, 750 bush rye, 7,372 hogs. Shipments—2,755 bbls flour, 30,753 bush wheat, 68,274 bush corn, 2,984 bush oats, 3,725 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—Tobacco active and at full prices; lugs at $6,25@8, common to medium leaf at $8@10, medium and good bright Missouri at $12@25, fine ditto at $30@60, good to fine Kentucky and Virginia do. $25@60. Cotton nominal at 32½@33. Hemp firm but unchanged. Flour shows some signs of weakness, but prices are maintained; superfine sold at $4,90@5,75, extra at $6@6,50, double extra at $6,50@6,75, treble extra amber at $7@9,50. Wheat steady and firm; choice No. 2 spring sold at $1,22, prime to choice new red fall at $1,35@1,40, choice to fancy white at $1,45 1,50. Corn very firm, mixed in elevator sold at 86, white 92, mixed in sacks 90@93, choice yellow 95, prime to choice white 97@$1. Oats firm but slow at 71c for black; mixed 72c; white 72@76c. Rye steady at $1,15@1,18. Whisky quiet and steady at $1. Groceries dull and unchanged. Rio coffe sells in first hands at 24@24½c for prime; 25@25½c for choice. Louislana Sugars range at 12@14½c. Plantation molasses 70@80c. Pork firm at 33@33¼c. In dry salt meats very little is doing; loose hams sold at 14c. Bacon firmer and more doing at 14@14¼c for shoulders; clear rib sides 17¾c; clear sides 18¼c. Receipts—flour 1,500 bbls, wheat 5,000 bu, oorn 6,900 bu, oats 4,300 bu, rye 500 bu.

CINCINNATI, July 14.—Flour is scarce and firm, with sales of family at $6@6,25. Wheat is dull and unchanged, with sales of red at $1,25@1,35. Corn is in better supply and dull at 77@79c. Oats firm at 72@75c. Rye is held at $1,15. Cotton is firm at 33c. Tobacco is in good demand, with sales of 123 hhds at $6,20@17,75. Whisky firm at $1, with sales of 300 bbls. Provisions are firmer, though there was not much done. Mess Pork is held at $33, but $32,75 was the best offer made. Buik meats are firm at 13@15¾c. Bacon generally held ¼c higher, with sales of shoulders at 14¼c; sides held at 17¾@18¼c for clear rib and clear. Sugar cured hams in good demand at 21@21½c, now asking 22c; second pickle, 18@20c; plain, 17½c. Lard held at 19c, with no sales. Butter is firm at 24@28c. Eggs are held at 17c. There is no change in Oils: Linseed is held at $1@1,02, and Lard at $1,35@1,40. Groceries are unchanged and firm. Gold, 136½ buying. Exchange is firm, buying at par. The money market is easy at 8@10 per cent.

CLEVELAND, July 14.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat in moderate request; 2@4c higher for No. 1 and 1c higher for No. 2 red winter; sales at $1,42@1,44 for No. 1, and $1,32 for No. 2. Corn firm and 1c higher; No. 1 mixed 84c, No. 2 do 81c. Oats unchanged for parcels on spot; held at 76c for No. 1 on spot, 75c for do to arrive. Rye quiet and inactive. Barley dull and nominal; no more receipts, probably, until the new crop comes forward. Petroleum dull and inactive, nominally unchanged; refined held at 28½@29½c, July and August; crude lower, held at $6,60.

TOLEDO, July 14.—Receipts: flour 1,800 bbls, wheat 7,700 bush, corn 9,300 bush, oats 2,700 bush. Shipments: flour 500 bbls, wheat 800 bush, corn 2,600 bush, oats 4,200 bush. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat 1c better and active; amber $1,48@1,48½, seller the month and on spot; white Michigan regular at $1,42 for No. 1; white is held at $1,74; No. 1 red, $1,43; No. 2 red is 2c better and sold at $1,39. Corn 2c better and excited; No. 1 sold at 88c on spot; 89c buyer July and seller August. Condemned Oats steady at 71c for No. 1 and Michigan. Rye steady at $1,10 for Michigan.

PHILADELPHIA, July 14.—Flour unchanged; northwestern extra family, $7,25; Pennsylvania do. $6@6.75; Ohio and Indiana, $7@8, fancy, $9@10,75. Wheat: new crop is arriving more freely and commands $1,50@1,55. Rye unchanged. Corn quiet: yellow, $1,15: mixed western, $1,10@1,12. Oats unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Petroleum less strong: crude unchanged; refined 31½@31¾c. Whisky unchanged.

MILWAUKEE, July 14.—Flour more active and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1,35 for No. 1; $1,30½ for No.2. Oats firm at 68c for No. 2. Corn nominal. Rye firm at $1,03 for No. 1. Barley in fair demand at $1@$1,04 for common to prime. Grain less firm. Wheat to Buffalo 5½c; to Oswego 9½c. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 68,000 bu wheat, 3,000 bu oats. Shipments—4,000 bbls flour, 22,000 bu wheat.

LOUISVILLE, July 14.—Superfine Flour $7,25. Grain firm. Wheat: red $1,25: white $1,35. Corn in bulk 75c. Oats in bulk 70c. Rye $1,20. Leaf Tobacco active; sales of 200 hhds at $4.90@11,00. Provisions stronger. Mess Pork $33. Bacon: shoulders 14¼c; clear rib 18¼c; clear sides 18¾c. Hams 20½@21c. Lard 19½c. Highwines $1.

MEMPHIS, July 14.—Cotton quiet at 32¼@32½c; receipts 18, exports 32, stock 502 bales. Flour stiff: fine family $7@8. Wheat—new $1,10@1,30. Corn 88@90c. Corn meal $4,25. Oats 88c. Hay scarce at $25. Bran $22. Pork $34 and dull, Lard 20@21c. Bacon inactive; shoulders 14½c; sides 18½c.

BALTIMORE, July 14.—Flour is not quoted. Wheat firm and advanced 5c. Corn firm; white $1,04@1,06, and yellow $1,00. Oats firm at 75@78c. Mess Pork firm at $34. Bacon active and unchanged. Lard dull and unchanged. Whiskey in good demand at $1,04@1,05.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 14.—12 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 4 do do, Superior Mills; 3 do do, W Smith & Co; 1 do do, Loomis & Collard; 1 do do, Hailman & Hammett; 10 bbls flour, Knox & Orr; 200 do do, T C Jenkins & Bro; 25 reams paper, Godfrey & Clark; 2 hhds tallow, Isaiah Dickey & Co; 10 bxs cheese, E H Myers & Co; 10 bxs cheese, Montgomery & Schlegal; 10 do do, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 50 do do, N J Braden; 7 sks rags, C Obertraus; 7 hhds tabbacco, W & D Rinehart; 5 sks wool, Braden & Sharp; 65 pkgs tobacco, Atwell, Lee & Co; 10 do do, Little & Baird; 3 bbls eggs, L J Blanchard; 12 bxs cheese, Watt, Lang & Co; 12 do do, McGowan & Sons; 25 do do, Reymer & Bro; 5 bbls oil, W H Craig; 163 bgs oats, 9 do rye, W J Meek; 20 bxs cheese, E Heazleton; 68 bales wool, S Harbaugh & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 14.—4 cars limestone ore, Brown & Co; 1 do shingles, T L Robinson; 1 do rye, W J Meek; 1068 pcs blooms, Nimick & Co; 551 bgs malt, Pier, Dannals & Co; 276 blooms iron, Park, Bro's & Co; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 1 do brick, Hussey & Co; 163 sks rags, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 28 bxs hard ware, Singer, N & Co; 20 hf bbls herring, Allen Kirkpatrick & Co; 4 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 106 sks oats, 5 do rye, McHenry & Hood; 5 bbls oat meal, Segmyer & Voskamp; 4 do buckwheat flour, Totten & Co; 5 do pearl barley, Arbuckles & Co; 12 bdls chairs, G H Dauler & Son; 12 do do, 8 bdls rockers, Bedford Chiar Co; 15 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 31 sks rye, 188 do oats, Graham & M.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 14.—800 bbls oil, Fisher Bro; 240 do do, Pool Bro; 80 do do, Parker & Thompson; 2 bbl eggs, H Rea Jr; 1 car metal, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 car tanbark, W Flaccus & Son; 4 sks rye, Dan Wallace; 39 sks oats S Hood; 19 do do, 6 do rye, Bingham & Laing; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 5 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 3 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 14.—1 car scrap iron, Pittsburgh Iron & Forge Co; 1 car grain, M Steel & Son; 22 bales cotton, A H Childs & Co; 1 car wheat, Kennedy Bro; 7 cars cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 1 do do, J M Hemphill; 3 cars wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 car millfeed, G Stewart; 2 cars metal, Rogers & Burchfield; 14 sks wool, Fullerton & Co; 2 bbls eggs, J Kohen; 1 car stone, Hastings & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily with five feet five inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather continues oppressively hot; mercury at 5 P. M. 92 in shade.

No arrivals since the date of our last report aside from the packets.

The Glendale departed for St. Louis, drawing 5 feet and a barge in tow. Pilots—Marshall and Bobo.

Argosy departed for Cincinnati with a fair trip including 200 tons of metal, which she took on at Manchester. Pilots—Cable and Moore.

Lotus No. 3 departed for New Orleans. Pilots—Tom Morris and Capt. Sam Dean.

The Bellevernon dropped down to Manchester yesterday to take on 500 tons of railroad iron, but will be back at the landing to-day, and will positively leave for St. Louis this evening.

The Lorena, Capt. Sam Shuman, will follow the Bellevernon to St. Louis.

New State and Petrolia arrived and departed as usual.

—The Glasgow, St. Paul to Pittsburgh, left Cincinnati on Monday.

—The Kate Putnam, arrived at Cincinnati on Monday night, 48 hours out from this port.

—Capt. Charles Stine is in Louisville for the purpose of contracting for a new packet for the Red river trade.

—The wife of Capt. R. F. Sass, a well-known steamboat agent at St. Louis, died on the night of the 9th inst.

The Ironsides, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, passed by Cincinnati on Monday, with six barges, loaded with freight for the Northern Line Packet Co.

—The Linton has undergone a through overhauling at Evansville, and been put in complete repair. She will re-enter the St. Francis River trade.

—Captain J. H. Shuemaker, formerly of the W. F. Curtis, will take command of the towboat H. Clay Wilson, plying between Pomeroy and Louisville.

—The Armadillo was crossed out by the Underwriters at Cincinnati on Monday, and will have to go on the dock for repairs. She was up for New Orleans.

—Died at the Sulphur Springs near Alexandria, Louisiana, on the 25th of June, '69, Mr. G. H. Finnie aged 58 years, a native of Louisville, Kentucky, for many years a resident of Louisiana, and well-known on the river as an engineer,

—The Judge Fletcher has arrived at Louisville, and will be dismantled and her machinery placed in a new side-wheel boat for the lower coast trade. The Fletcher is owned by Mr. Peterson, a wealthy coal merchant of New Orleans.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine passenger packet, ELLEVERNON....Capt. J. J. DARRAGH, JR., Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 15th inst., at 4 P. M.; For freight or passage apply on board, or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, JOHN FLACK, Agents. jy12

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. ap13

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1869.

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From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex...	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Yg'n Ex.	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex..	12:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:45 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex&Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,

JOHN W. GEARY.

SUPREME JUDGE,

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
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CLERK OF COURTS,
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REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "A Pertinent Question," Pennsylvania and Ohio State Items, Interesting Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Commercial, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: The Fashions, A Balloon Voyage, Sunstroke.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49¼f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅞@87.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 137⅛@137¼.

CASS was sold out by the *Post*. Who gets a share of PACKER's money?

IF THE Pittsburgh *Post* sold General CASS, who is to share in the profits derived from the sale?

PACKER paid one hundred thousand dollars for his nomination. How much of that comes to the *Post?*

A MOVEMENT is on foot at the northern end of the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, to discontinue the use of the Lake Shore track from Girard to Erie, and fill the gap with a road of its own.

THE *Post* persists in a gross misrepresentation of our statements concerning the Beaver Senatorial matter. If repeated, we shall be justified in regarding it as an intentional mis-statement.

FRAUD, CORRUPTION AND BRIBERY contributed towards securing the nomination of PACKER yesterday, in the Democratic Convention. How much did the *Post* receive for its perfidious course towards Gen. CASS?

THE proposition to encourage Chinese immigration to the South, is a flank movement of the rebel-Democratic politicians to depress the negro labor market, or to dragoon the freedmen into a more complete political submission to their old masters.

HAVING sold out Gen. CASS, what will the *Post* do? Had it in anything like a serious manner supported the railroad king, his nomination would have been certain. Proving false to the western candidate, will the *Post* urge the election of PACKER?

CYRUS L. PERSHING, nominated by the Democracy for the Supreme bench, is a shrewd and successful lawyer of Cambria county. He is not the equal of Judge WILLIAMS by any means, but withal is a clear headed, sound thinking lawyer, whose election would not do much harm to the Commonwealth.

THE presence in Washington, of Mr. J. S. Carlisle, of West Virginia, is fully accounted for. He is not after a diplomatic appointment now, but devotes himself to a more congenial business, in the effort to secure the release of Yerger, the rebel-murderer of Mississippi, from any penalty under the "infamous" reconstruction laws.

THE EMPEROR OF FRANCE makes some well-guarded concessions to the demands of the Liberal party, substantially recognizing the future responsibility of his Ministers. The latter immediately tender their resignations, but only a part of these were accepted. Until the Senate shall assemble to act officially upon the new project, the Legislative body has been prorogued, much to the disgust of the progressive party. It is a new policy for NAPOLEON, thus to temporize with the disaffected opinions of the people, and there is plenty of room to doubt whether his concessions will prove permanently satisfactory by way of an end to agitation.

CHURCH AND STATE IN PARLIAMENT.

The result in the English House of Lords shows that the apprehensions of any serious resistance, by that body, to the enactment of the church-disestablishment policy, were really without solid foundation. Not only a decisive majority supported the Ministerial measure, but the House went even farther, and took the wind fairly out of the sails of the Liberal agitators. Ministers had proposed to relieve the injustice which maintained the Protestant form of worship in the midst of and at the expense of a population almost exclusively Catholic, by stripping the former of its offensive feature as a State establishment, substituting therefor an equal but shadowy protection extended to the two religions, substantially remitting both of them to the voluntary support of the local populations. This policy was carried through the Commons, but, when sent to the other House, there were seen indications of an opposition to it by the Tory press, both temporal and spiritual, so powerfully uncompromising as to awaken the greatest excitement throughout the kingdom. Yet, we now see that the Lords have given to the original measure a vote of more than two to one, and more than that, the principle of concurrent endowment was also engrafted upon the bill in its final passage. The despised and ostracised Catholic priest henceforth has the warrant of the hereditary branch of Parliament for an absolute equality, before the law and in the pecuniary emoluments set apart for the common worship of GOD, with the dominant hierarchy of the first Protestant nation of Europe. Ireland is no longer to present the two anomalies of a church without a people, and of a popular religion outside of the pale of Parliamentary favor. The conservatism of the Lords has overleaped the liberal opinion of the Commons, since the one has raised up a faith for centuries despised and trodden under foot of power, while the other was simply content to remove a large part of the civil burdens from a crushed and prostrate creed. The tables are fairly turned upon the ministerial policy, devolving the responsibility for an issue of events in the interest of a sincerely liberal christianity, above all questions of sectarian faith, upon the original engineers of the proposition. It will be a chance if they are not hoisted by their own petard.

THE DEMOCRACY SOLD AND DELIVERED.

ASA PACKER, a Democratic five millionaire, solicits the most sweet voices of the sweaty, hard-working and horny-handed yeomanry of Pennsylvania at the polls next October. And why not? Has he not bought his place on the ticket of his party, and paid for it such a round price, out of his accumulated millions, as he could well afford to give, provided he has also bought three hundred thousand of the people under the same negotiation? For what else, have the Democracy of this Commonwealth been advertised, far and wide, within the two months past, that this smaller Crœsus was bidding hundreds of thousands of dollars for the votes of their delegates at yesterday's Convention? That the votes were for sale to the highest bidder has been notoriously apparent to the most casual observer of the political signs, and it was also known that Mr. PACKER, the possessor of five millions of personal wealth, had entered the market-place, to crush his less opulent competitors, and sweep the shambles of the party of all the cattle needed to serve his ambitious turn.

To some of the sincere friends of his rivals, who well knew the venal character of the largest number of the Democratic delegates, it became painfully evident, weeks since, that they were contending against irresistible odds, and without the faintest shadow of a hope. They saw that the merit of mere political services, such as those of GEORGE W. CASS to his party, and that the charm of present availability, which promised a Democratic victory under the lead of an illustrious soldier like HANCOCK, would count for nothing against the cash which ASA PACKER avows his determination to lavish for a personal triumph. But these purer representatives of the party preferred to cling to worthier preferences, and to show a front as bold as it was honorable to the inevitable defeat.

But others of the delegates, comprising in their number the entire rank and file of the trading Democratic politicians, and mustering a clear majority of the Convention, have welcomed their base opportunity, and go home to-day, each man with his price paid into his pocket. Not a few of these will be seen in the streets of Pittsburgh within the next twenty-four hours. Every man of these blood-suckers crowded about their purchasers yesterday, making haste to sell his share of Democratic honor for the best figure he could get.

And that is what comes of the political services of GEORGE W. CASS! In all that went to make up a solid claim upon the grateful trust of the Pennsylvania Democracy, he stood head and shoulders above the present nominee. He had given, as a labor of love, the disinterested efforts of his life to a party which has taken good care never to give to him anything more than cheap compliments in return. His rival has held many a post of honor and profit, conferred upon him by the Democracy, but there has always been nothing to give to the distinguished partizan who has done more than any other living man to keep together an organized and hopeful minority of that party in the western half of this Commonwealth. Often, in years past, have the Democracy pledged to him their effective support for public place, but not one of these pledges has yet been redeemed. Yesterday adds but one more to the long catalogue of treacheries, to their distinguished leader, which have made Democratic promises and Democratic performances, toward this gentleman, a matter of public reproach, a by word to be hooted at, in all Western Pennsylvania. Probably, often as he has been an aspirant for political honor in the Conventions of his party, he was never so flagrantly and shamefully sold out by his ostensible friends as he was at Harrisburg yesterday.

It remains to be seen whether money avails more than personal worth, when it comes to the Democratic people to utter their judgment; whether the money of ASA PACKER, poured out like water as it has been and will be, can buy an election as it bought the nomination of yesterday; whether the poor but honest Democratic yeomanry of Pennsylvania are content that their votes should be made the commodity of a few score of rapacious and unprincipled politicians; whether they will recognize a nomination thus made as a sufficient answer to their natural and reasonable expectations; whether they will forgive this last crowning treachery to their old favorite, to themselves and to the honor of the Democratic party.

We have no fears of the result. The opposition have neglected their best candidate and selected their weakest. They are thirty thousand votes weaker in Pennsylvania than they had a reasonable claim to count upon yesterday morning, and they will lose ground steadily henceforth until the close of the polls. They have learned nothing by past defeats; the virtues of still another and a bitterer lesson await their discovery.

MANUFACTURING SUPREMACY.

Some months ago, in a series of articles, we endeavored to depict and impress on the minds of the manufacturers of this city and county the advantages which would result to themselves and successors, and the whole country, now and through all time, from the establishment in the University, located here, of a Department of Technical Science, liberally endowed and equipped, for the preliminary training of large numbers of young men for the higher industries of civilized life. What we sought to show was, that the market value of labor depends not so much upon the muscular force put into it, as upon the amount and grade of intelligence with which it is conducted; that operations, whether large or small, encounter failure or win success, mainly as brains or bones are relied upon, the former generally getting ahead, and the latter as commonly falling behind; that foreign manufacturers were resorting to mental training, the most exact and thorough, as a substitute for the highly protective duties which their governments formerly imposed on competing products, and were finding unexpected and opulent resources therein; that the New England manufacturers, quick to perceive and eager to emulate, had cordially accepted this policy and were ardently pursuing it; and that if the manufacturers of Pittsburgh did not bestir themselves earnestly in this matter they might, after the lapse of some years, find the Protective Policy deserted by the New Englanders, and themselves without those educational reliances which will have become, in the progress of affairs, the only effectual substitute. We do not hear that what we then offered has as yet produced any substantial fruit. Our manufacturers, if they were really made better acquainted with their needs and opportunities, were not brought to feel that the University has special claims on them, or can be made as absolutely subsidiary to the growth and permanance of their fortunes, as any engine, lever, wheel or tool whatsoever in their mills and factories, and even more productive than any merely physical instrumentality. The University does, indeed, grow apace, but not primarily because of their interested or disinterested liberality towards it. One citizen, and he not a manufacturer, has done more to make the University what it should be, so far as pecuniary largesses can contribute to that end, than either of them, or perhaps all of them put together. Nor are indications given that in future the manufacturing class, as a body, will cease that withholding of more than is mete, which is tending to poverty, and devise those liberal things whereby they shall themselves be enabled to stand, when the day of trial, which cannot be averted, shall actually arise.

Public opinion changes slowly. Only in revolutionary epochs, under the most fiery incentives, is the speed quickened, so that the process becomes distinctly observable by any except such as have made the birth and transmutation of ideas a special study. Let most men consider how gradually these changes are wrought in themselves, insomuch that they actually elude cognition, and it will no longer appear strange to them that even Self-Interest has to implore for an audience, and then receives only a deaf ear. The late Mr. H. J. RAYMOND is reported to have said that it took him at least two years to obtain a full and fair hearing for any idea for which popular appreciation had not been previously prepared. He was fortunate above the majority of leaders of opinion if he succeeded in arresting attention and obtaining compliance even in that considerable space.

Meanwhile the President of the University and his co-laborers have been doing what they could, and have, in fact, accomplished much, enough to show them how much more ought to be done, and the benefits that would flow from the doing thereof.

On the other side of the State, at the confluence of the Lehigh with the Delaware, is situated the town of Easton, the site of La Fayette College. Until within a quite recent period, this institution was without further importance than a strictly local one. It was, in point of fact, rather a high school than a College. The Rev. Dr. CATTELL, former pastor of a Presbyterian church at Harrisburg, assumed the Presidency of it, and efforts have since been made, with great success, to broaden its foundation and enlarge its usefulness, especially in the direction of Technical Courses. Twenty Professorships are now established. Dr. CATTELL has been sent to Europe, where he will remain a year, examining the best scientific schools, with the view of emulating at home the best that has as yet been done abroad, and giving as much beyond as shall be found practicable. The moneys which these enlargements of the College will require, are expected to be drawn mainly from one individual, and he not a manufacturer. Comprehending what is needed in this country, and having more than an ordinary share of pecuniary means at his disposal, he makes a most worthy use of it. Well is it, when one of the great money prizes of life falls into the hands of a man, who, if not gifted to amass ideas above his fellows, knows what all the higher uses of money are, and has a disposition to appropriate freely of his own in those directions. We are right glad to see La Fayette College thus lift its head into a statelier position.

Would that some man or men would enable our Western University to make the same step forward. It would be of vast advantage to the industries already congregated here, and which the future ought to expand and multiply indefinitely, if the Scientific Department of the University could be put at once on such a basis as to extend the proper preliminary training to the young men who are destined either to preside over these industries or to engage actively in them. What we contemplate is not simply that the proprietors or managers shall be duly instructed up to the highest point, but that all the workmen shall share in the advantages, thus enhancing their producing power, and, consequently their remuneration. It is inevitable that, other conditions being equal, the workmen that are most accurately and thoroughly instructed, will surpass those that are deficient in this particular; and the events are hastening that will make the profitableness, if not the very existence of manufacturing, on a large scale, in any spot, turn upon the sufficiency of preparatory education.

Then if workmen would relax their unwise, if not despotic rule, and allow all boys who should furnish evidence of proper education and character, to learn trades, we should have strong hopes of the development of such power production here as would defy competition, come from whatever quarter it might. How skilled workmen can resolutely and systematically deny most of their own sons the right to become such in turn we cannot comprehend. What inconceivable form of selfishness has seized upon them that they are not merely content but eager to aid in crushing down their own flesh and blood to be common delvers, or, worse, into the ranks of the dangerous classes, that perpetually haunt society like spectres from the infernal world. Surely, it is a crime against the State to deny the knowledge of any honorable industry to a boy who needs it as a means of livelihood and usefulness. It is a crime against nature for a man to deny this knowledge to his own son.

We know what motives conspire to this denial, and what reasons are assigned thereto. None of them can stand any reasonable test. The denial is a flagrant wrong, without justification or even excuse. What is demanded by the general good is the right sort and proper degree of preliminary education of every boy, and then a fair and unhindered field for him to apply his knowledge, make a line and move for himself, and rear his family in circumstances of comfort and respectability. Whatever stands opposed to this is an usurpation and an abuse.

THAT OIL REPORT.

Here is what a prominent oil firm of Oil City says of the late report of the Titusville *Herald:*

We now believe the *Herald's* report to be at least 50,000 barrels out of the way. They have it less in nearly all quarters, and if the *Herald* made a proportionate error in giving the production on upper Road and other places, then it is from 75,000 to 100,000 barrels wrong, *i. e.* too little. We think it quite probable that such is the case on upper road and upper districts, because parties there are all on the "bull" side.

We believe that the shipments for May and June from all points are at least 100,000 barrels more than the *Herald* reports the production for the two months, taking its own report as a basis of stocks on May 1st and July 1st.

Since the above was written we were shown a telegram from the same party, saying: "The *Herald* acknowledges a mistake of over twenty-five thousand, (25,000.)"

A Radical View of Virginia Politics.

An inteligent citizen of Richmond, who has resided there since April '65, writes as follows to the Chicago *Post*:

The contest just closed in this State has resulted in the election of Gilbert C. Walker for Governor, the candidate of the rebel party, and nominees of that ticket generally, by a majority of from fifteen to twenty-five thousand. The new constitution is adopted, with the exception of the disfranchising clause, which was submitted to a separate vote, and stricken out. The Legislature is conservative, or more correctly speaking, rebel, giving Walker the opportunity, which he repeatedly said he desired, of enforcing only such features of the new constitution as might be acceptable to himself and the rebel party.

Outside of Virginia this contest has been much misrepresented. Even the New York *Times* lent its powerful influence to the aid of the rebel Walker party, either knowingly or ignorantly—in either case wholy inexcusable—and said no word in the cause of Republicanism, which is struggling for a foot hold here. That paper and others held out that it was a contest between two rival Republican candidates, both supporting Gen. Grant's policy, the Walker party being the representative of liberal principles and opposed to proscription. The reverse is exactly true.

Walker was nominated by a committee of the leading rebels of the State, by men who have persistently proscribed Union citizens, white and black; who bitterly opposed Gen. Grant's election; who despise and obstruct the policy of Congress, and who stand to-day allied to all the worst features of rebel rule in the South. Their watchword was that which has disgraced the country which they live in: "A white man's government;" "Down with negro equality," and such other clap trap as finds approval in no other country yet blessed with civilization.

The rule of the party which plunged this State into rebellion is to-day restored, and this is precisely what the election of Walker means, and nothing else. The cause of Republicanism (and you should live here a few years to fully learn just how much this means,) the cause of humanity, is defeated, and the cry is, "Virginia for white men."

The rebel papers in this city are now trying the game of making out that the election is a "Conservative Republican" triumph, and that it is General Grant's policy sustained. The chairman of their committee here, Mr. R. T. Daniels, has the impertinence to send a dispatch to the President, congratulating him upon the success of his policy in this State. This man Daniels is one of the most malignant and violent of rebels, and has never lost an opportunity, since the close of the war, of showing his hatred of and hostility to the Government of the United States. He held the office of Commonwealth's Attorney for this city, but was removed for his bitterly rebel and partisan course. He is, however, a good type of the men who have supported and elected Walker. The guerrilla Mosby made a speech from the same stand at Warrenton, with and for Walker, while old Jube Early, Lee, Henry A. Wise, and all the rest of that ilk, were active supporters of that ticket.

From the start there has been much bickering and jealousy among Republican politicians in this State, and a very moderate degree of ability. Lack of thorough organization and intelligent effort has been always apparent. The colored people themselves must be exempt from this statement, however, so far as zeal and earnestness are concerned. They are exceedingly jealous of their right to vote, and I have no doubt there will appear a very great difference between the colored vote cast and the same vote as registered—a discrepancy that Gen. Canby will give close attention. On the other hand, the organization of the rebel party has been thorough, vigilant, active, with nearly all the ability of the State, the influence and the money to back them. The rebel sympathy was all for Walker and against the colored men—and, indeed, there was all the aristocracy of slavery and the rebellion in the field—representing nothing that is new or liberal, nothing above prejudice, but standing on the old effete ideas that have ruled here for fifty years past. The colored men and the Republican party in this State are outnumbered—and henceforth Virginia lapses into the position of Kentucky—the political power being fully in the hands of the rebel party.

Gen. Canby's administration here is that of a man thoroughly sympathizing with loyalty and the policy of Congress. It is statesmanlike, and yet soldierly, firm, prompt and strong. His decision that the reconstruction laws require the members of the Legislature just elected to take the iron-clad oath, will deprive a great many rebels of seats in that body. Congress will undoubtedly stand by his construction and his enforcement of the law in this regard, and it rests with that body to determine whether the work that has now been accomplished by the rebel party of this State shall be ratified and confirmed.

The enthusiasm here is intense. The whole white population is in the streets parading and yelling after the fashion that we used to be familiar with a few years ago when we were engaged in a little unpleasantness. It is only since the election that we have heard that old peculiar yell, which has been so long suppressed. Newsboys are running through the streets selling caricatures representing "carpet-baggers and scalawags leaving Virginia." Colored men stand in knots in out of the way places, discussing with anxiety their probable destiny, as yelling crowds of rebels sweep by, escorting Walker through the city. The colored man has great reason to know that all this noise, this enthusiasm and parade, mean nothing good for him. He understands perfectly well that his old masters are again triumphant, and, though he may know liltte else, he knows that they have no regard for him or his rights, except that which Uncle Sam's bayonets enforce. The work of reconstruction is not only not forwarded by this election, but must be greatly retarded, and the people of the North should understand that fact. Everything connected with it, from first to last, sprang from the impulse which urged on the rebellion and which has since violently opposed negro suffrage, and everything else which was sought to be bestowed by Congress upon the colored man. It does not mean conciliation, even, and only *does* mean that hereafter the rebels are to rule in Virginia.

T. H. S.

Washington Items.

The President and family will leave Washington on Wednesday next for Long Branch, where a suite of rooms has been prepared at the Stetson House. The President will return here after ten days' absence without his family, and will determine his future movements according to circumstances.

It is averred here in Republican circles that Col. John W. Forney expects to be elected the next United States Senator from North Carolina. He has recently purchased a large tract of land there.

Senator Williams arrived here Tuesday night from Portland, Oregon, making the whole trip in eleven days, a remarkably short space of time. It is rumored that his hasty appearance here has something to do with the noted McGarraghan.

Governor-elect Walker of Virginia, spent nearly two hours with the President to-day. Secretaries Fish, Boutwell and Rawlins were present during a greater portion of the interview. Walker was very emphatic in his representations to the President of his intention to give his administration a full and hearty support in governing Virginia. The President was very cordial, and answered that he hoped he would succeed in carrying out his representations. A failure, he thought, would be ruinous to the State. Secretary Rawlins remarked, during the conversation, that he thought Virginia was the only truly reconstructed State in the South.

It is understood that twelve prominent New York capitalists have undertaken to complete the work begun by the State of Virginia before the war, of building a railway from Richmond to Washington and to the Ohio river. A party of engineers and railroad men has just returned from an expedition over the route, and say it is entirely practicable, the distance and grades being much less than by the present track lines. Twelve million dollars are wanted for the enterprise. Two million have already been raised for it.

THE Carlinville, (Ill.,) *Democrat* is informed that in a belt of country from three to six miles wide, extending from Carlinville to the west line of the county, there are nearly ten thousond acres of as fine wheat as ever grew in the country. It is being cut as rapidly as the weather and help obtainable will permit. In one prairie, says the informant, were counted twenty-seven headers, beside reapers.

BY A vote of 116 yeas to 88 nays, on Thursday last, the Connecticut House of Representatives passed a bill to strike out the word "white" from the suffrage in the State constitution.

TRUSSES AND HERNIA.

The sad and deplorable condition of many who are afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels, calls loudly for some efficient and unmistakable remedy that will not only in every case give efficient relief, but in many cases effect a radical and thorough cure. These cases of hernia have become so frequent that it is computed that one-sixth of the male population are said to be troubled, in some way or another, with this terrible ailment; and in very many cases do not know where to apply for an appropriate remedy, oftentimes not knowing whether an appliance is really needed or not; and if it should be needed, they often do not know where or to whom they should make application. The world is full of trusses for the retention and cure of this lamentable evil, oftentimes an inconsestible proof of their total and inadequate fitness to relieve the sufferer. This need not be; DR. KEYSER, at his new medicine store, No. 167 Liberty street, is abundantly supplied with every appliance needful to the retention and relief of this terrible affliction, so that every one can be properly fitted, at a moderate cost, with the full assurance that the appliance is the best that the mechanical department of surgery can afford. The Doctor has pursued the investigation of hernia with more than ordinary care for over thirty years, so that the afflicted can place implicit reliance in his skill and integrity, with the full assurance that they will not only get the best truss suitable to the case, but likewise a thorough and efficient knowledge of its proper application.

There are many persons who not only sacrifice their health, but even their lives, for want of a proper truss, or a truss properly applied. Strangulated and irreduceable rupture is a far more common ailment now than in former years; and may we not justly arrive at the conclusion that its frequency is often occasioned by the neglect and carelessness of the sufferers themselves. No one would be regarded as sane or excusable who would go for a whole winter without the proper clothing to shield them from the inclement weather, but, at the same time, it is thought a light affair to suffer with a protrusion such as rupture that not only subjects the person to inconvenience, but even places life itself in jeopardy. Those of our readers who may be so unfortunate as to need appliances of this kind cannot act more wisely than to cut this advertisement and preserve it, so as to enable them to remember the place where such important preservers of life and health are to be procured.

DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, No. 167 Liberty street, two doors from Sixth. CONSULTATION ROOMS, 120 Penn street, from 1 until 4 P. M.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OF HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

W. H. Reese, a leading druggist in Monticello, Ill., in a letter of June 6, 1868, writes to this effect: "Having sold Hostetter's Bitters for the past four years, I cannot but speak of the article as being the best tonic and appetizer extant. During the ague season of 1865-6, I could not keep a sufficient stock on hand to supply my customers. In fact, your Bitters was as staple as quinine. I learn that physicians prescribe it all over the country. Indeed, a great many families think they are not safe without your valuable tonic."

J. K. Witherspoon, Esq., a magistrate of Kernshaw county, S. C., states, under date of April 13, 1868, that he has used the Bitters constantly in his own family for the previous two years. He first tried the preparation when suffering from exhaustion, produced by severe attack of fever. Before the first bottle was finished he experienced a remarkable change for the better. He had tried brandy at the outset, but found that it did him more harm than good. In one month from the time he commenced using the bitters his health, strength and appetite were restored. He had recommended the article to others in like circumstances, and never known it to fail, and had found it a perfect specific for chills and fever.

Mr. Samuel Young, of Clarion, Pa., under date of April 6, 1868, certifies that he was completely cured of "one of the most distressing attacks of dyspepsia that ever afflicted any mortal," by three bottles of the Bitters, after "various other remedies had proved powerless." Restored to perfect health, he thanks "that excellent preparation for the result."

Dr. G. M. Spencer, of Brush Creek, Perry Co., Ala., writing thence Feb. 8, 1868, says: "I have used your Stomach Bitters for several years in my practice, and find them superior to most of the Bitters now prescribed by the profession generally."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ALLEGHENY CEMETERY.

—The Corporators and Managers of Allegheny Cemetery are requested to attend their annual meeting at the office of the Corporation on SATURDAY, the **17**th day of July, **1869**, at 2 o'clock P. M. By order of the President,

SAMUEL GORMLY.

JULY 12th, 1869. jy15:m11

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R CO., PITTSBURGH, July **14**th, **1869**.

☞NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. **20**, Turtle Creek Division Bonds, due August **1**st next, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. PAGE JR., Secretary and Treasurer.

jy14 TUST

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JAMES and ALEXANDER R. McCONNELL, bankrupts under the Act of Congress of March 2d, **1867**, having applied for a discharge from all their debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the **3**1th day of JULY, **1869**, at **10** o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. **93** Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.

jy15:m21-T11

AUCTION SALE OF SUBURBAN RESIDENCES AND BUILDING LOTS.—At Hazlewood, MONDAY, July **19**th, at 1 o'clock, will be sold, without reserve, a delightful home, consisting of a new house of eleven rooms, tastefully built with verandas, porches, &c., surrounded with Fruit Trees and Shrubbery of the best selections. The Premises comprise about seven and one-half acres of ground of excellent soil, with well of good water a never-failing spring, a stone spring house, and an acre of coal already opened for use. Also, a comfortable Frame House of nine rooms, with Orchard of Peach, Apple, Pear, Plum, and Quince Trees, comprising about three acres, with well of water at the door. There is also a valuable stone quarry on the premises. Also, twelve building lots **25** by **100** feet. The neighborhood is remarkable for health and beauty of scenery. The Station is only four miles from the city, and a good side-walk leads from the station to the premises. Title indisputable.

TERMS—One-third cash; balance in two yearly installments.

H. R. SMITHSON, Auctioneer, or GEORGE K. FLOWERS, Hazelwood.

N. B.—Trains per Connellsville R. R. leave corner Grant and Water streets at **7** and **11** A. M.

jy15:m17

SUMMER READING.

Walter Savage Landor. A biography by John Forster	$3 50
Credo. This volume is devoted to those inquiries which now agitate the thinking world	1 50
Monna the Fairy. By Jean Ingelow	1 25
John Neal's Autobiography	2 00
Waverley Novels. Library edition, 25 vols., green cloth, in case. Price reduced to	25 00
Thackeray's Novels. New edition, green cloth, each	1 25
Madame Sherese, the Conscript; Waterloo; historical Novels from the French of Erckmann-Chatrain; each	1 50
Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks. On the Wing. A book for sportsmen	1 50
Fun, Rod and Saddle	2 50
Villa on the Rhine, complete	2 00
An American Woman in Europe. By Mrs. Urbine	2 00
Lamps, Pitchers and Trumpets	1 50
Oldtown Folks. By Mrs. Stowe	1 75
Little Women. 2 vols. each	2 00
Men of our Times. By Harriet Beecher Stowe	1 50
Beyond the Mississippi	3 50
Kane's Arctic Explorations. New edition	4 00
Five Acres Too Much	4 50
The New West. By Brace	1 60
The Habermeister, from the German of Schmid	1 75
Life of Audobon, the Naturalist. Edited by his widow	1 50
Foster's Mississippi Valley	2 50
Tribune Essays	3 50
Noma, Leslie. A New York story	2 00
	1 75

S. A. CLARKE & CO., jy10 119 Wood street.

CHERRY SEEDER.

CHERRY SEEDER.

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of cherries.

The machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome. The hopper is adjustible, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries.

RETAIL PRICE - - - - - - $2.00.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET. je1-THS

NEW BOOKS.

Patty Gray's Journey from Boston to Baltimore	$1,25
The Hand of Jesus	1.25
Behind the Curtain	1.25
Credo	1.50
An American Woman in Europe	1.50
Pearl Series for Girls, 6 volumes in a box	3.00
" " Boys, " " "	3.00
The Woodburn Series, 3 volumes in a box	3.75
Corwin's Nest Series, 3 volumes in a box,	2.25
Sabbath Songs for Children's Worship, Paper, 40 cents; Board, 50 cents each.	

AT THE

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

129 Smithfield Street.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent. jy10:8TTH

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,

my6:177-THS&T

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. **45** Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Scale, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will assure them a treat. mh25

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

Office and Warehouse, **333** LIBERTY STREET

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

NOTICE OF LOST CERTIFICATE.—Notice is hereby given that certificate No. **35**, for **20** shares stock in the "Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank," at Pittsburgh, in the name of HANNAH THOMSON, has been lost or destroyed by fire, and that application has been made by the said Hannah Thomson for new certificate in the place of that lost or destroyed as aforesaid.

June **3**, **1869**. HANNAH THOMSON.

je3:lM1-THS

NEW CLOVER HONEY.

100 boxes Fayette county new honey, just received in prime order and for sale by the box at lowest prices, at the Family Grocery Store of

JNO. A. RENSHAW,

jy14 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
46 and 48 Sixth Street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. HAZLEWOOD, W. J. BLACKSTOCK, WM. HAZLEWOOD, JR.

HAZLEWOOD & BLACKSTOCK,

COMMISSION DEALERS IN

Cattle, Sheep and Hogs,

East Liberty and Allegheny City, Pa.

Address Wilkins Postoffice, Allegheny Co., Pa. Refer to S. W. Allerton, Esq., Chicago, Ill.; Quick & Cox, Oscaloosa, Iowa; M. & M. Carter, Mansfield, Ohio: Henry Downing, Remington, Ind.; Gilchrist & Reynthaller, East Liberty, Pa.; John Aiken, St. Louis, Mo.; C. Shoemaker Belmont county, O.; James Hutchinson, Covington, Ky.

☞ Sales guaranteed. jy15:m20

CARPETS,

Floor Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS,

Window Shades,

AT LOW PRICES.

We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

jy14:d&T

JULY, 1869.

SPECIAL SALE OF

CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns

English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,

AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.

Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

No. **71** and **73** FIFTH AVENUE,

jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!

June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST

VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,

The Very Newest Designs,

Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED

INGRAINS,

VERY SUPERIOR

QUALITY AND COLORS.

An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.

We are now selling many of the above at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

M'CALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

je12

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS

THREE PLY AND

INGRAIN CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY

MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican Cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

my8:193

J. K. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS.

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done de6:v86

REVOLVING HORSE HAY RAKES.

A large lot just received and for sale at lowest market price.

W. W. KNOX,

my29:j99-87TH

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

Wholesale Cash Buyers

WILL FIND

FULL ASSORTMENTS OF

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.

MEDIUM, DARK AND SHIRTING PRINTS,

GINGHAMS.

Tickings, Checks, Drillings,

LINEN AND WHITE GOODS.

JEANS, CASSIMERES,

Cotton Pant Goods.

Dress Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

STOCKINGS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS,

&c., &c., &c.

At the Very Lowest Prices.

STOCK DAILY REPLENISHED

With New Goods

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Cheviot Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET,

LATE ST. CLAIR.

jy1:136

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand;

my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. **22** Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Grey Mixed Poplins

At 22 Cents.

GREY MIXED POPLINS

At 30 Cents.

STRIPED POPLINS

At 20 Cents.

CHECK GRENADINES

At 18 3-4 Cents.

FINE DOUBLE WIDTH ALPACAS

At 25 Cents.

FAST COLORED LAWNS

At 12 1-2 Cents.

The above, and many other Desirable Dress Goods are Entirely New and Fresh, having just been received

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞I. O. O. F.

REBEKAH PIC-NIC,

TO BE HELD ON

Thursday, July 15, at McKee's Rocks,

By the Rebekah members of MANCHESTER LODGE, No. **403**. A general invitation is extended to the members of the Order and to those friendly to the cause. The large and commodious steamer Excelsior will leave the foot of Locust street, Manchester, at 9 o'clock A. M. and at 1½ P. M. Tickets can be procured of the Committee or on the grounds at $1.00. jy13:m12

☞FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. **65** Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoon Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharzberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j10:d48

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections Deeds Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, **113** FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Lega Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, **172** and **174** Wood street.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—SITUATION—By a Young Girl to do light housework in a small family, in or out of the city. Wanted more for a home than anything else. Address A. D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent of common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED...BOARDERS.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at **71** Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

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WANTED.—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL to do general housework for a small family. Apply at No. **65** BEAVER ST., Allegheny.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

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WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only **$18**. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay **$1,000** for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from **$75** to **$200** per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

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MR. W. M. BURNS, Proprietor of the popular Eating House, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield streets, begs leave to announce to his numerous friends that none but the male sex will be allowed to dine at his tables, he having thrown his entire rooms into one. Dinner, Supper and Breakfast served at this house lower than at any other house of its reputation in the city. Call at Burns' and get plenty to eat for a small amount of money.

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TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of both rooms the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. **181** North Avenue, Allegheny City.

TO-LET.—VERY PLEASANT ROOMS, in suites or single, for lodging, with or without board, at **75** FOURTH AVENUE.

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TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply to Counting Room, **84** and **86** Fifth avenue.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF LOTS IN ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA. Will be sold at auction on the premises, on THURSDAY, JULY **15**, at **1** o'clock P. M., **19** ACRES OF LAND, sub-divided into one acre lots, situate on the Middleton road, distant four miles from the Pittsburgh Court House and three miles from the Allegheny Market House; easy of access by Saw Mill Run Ferry and Middleton road, by Cerk's Run and Manchester Steam Ferry, by Panhandle Railroad from Nimick's Station, and by Ft. Wayne, Chicago and Cleveland Railroad from Woods Run. For further particulars see lithograph hand bills, or enquire of JAMES McCUNNGLE, Chartiers township, or F. A. DOHRMAN, No. **113** First avenue, Pittsburgh.

jo22:k64-22,29,1,13

ASSIGNEE'S SALE of 15 Acres, Pennsylvania Avenue, opposite McFarland's Grove.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July **17**th, at **4** o'clock, will be sold on the premises, by order of John M. Kennedy and John G. MacConnel, Assignees in Bankruptcy of Michael O'Hara, that valuable property in the City of Pittsburgh, formerly Liberty township, and fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, opposite McFarland's Grove, containing **14** acres and **150** perches, beautifully located and commanding handsome views of the valley and surrounding villas.

TERMS OF SALE—Sold subject to a mortgage of **$12,447.92**, balance cash.

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French Chintz at 25
Wash Poplins at 18¾
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FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, **$5,500**. One or two men going into the business can clear over **$5,000** per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, **195**, **197** and **199** Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only **2** miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE.— FARM.—The cheapest farm in Armstrong county, Pa., **100** acres for **$4,000** on easy terms. Splendid buildings and orchard. No. **1** land, all tillable. The improvements are worth the price of the entire property. There is at least **$500** of a bargain in it at the above price. We have seen the property and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. **139** Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New and Profitable ENTERPRISE; can have no opposition; covered by a patent; now in successful operation. Will take in exchange for the one-half, good land balance in cash. Whole price not over **$6,000**. Reasons for selling, the owner wishes to leave the city. For particulars, enquire of E. W. McGINNISS, No. **125** Liberty street, near Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot **120x140** feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having **6,000** inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. **94** miles from Pittsburgh and **56** from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 80, Alliance, O. je12:k58

FOR SALE.—SALT WORKS, DWELLINGS AND FIFTY ACRES OF LAND IN WEST PENNA. R. R.—The works are now in successful operation. The land is under aid with coal, now open and mined, and would make a splendid vineyard; best of salt water at the works. There is money in this property. The owner would not sell were he able to attend to it. Railroad runs through the land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. **139** Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME. —A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. **139** Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. **74** Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is **62** feet on Washington street, extending back **260** feet, on which is erected a double two-story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL, jy12:m8 **49** Stockton Avenue.

FOR SALE.

Good **6** roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—**$4,500**.

Good **6** roomed frame house with all improvements; lot **68** by **110**—**$4,000**.

Frame house, **2** rooms; lot **24** by **100**—**$1,000**.

Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only **$5,000**.

Two **6** roomed houses on Fulton street—**$2,500** each.

One lot **24** by **179** feet on Reed street—**$500**.

Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.

20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, **4** miles from the city.

30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, **4** miles from the city.

225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.

20 lots on Centre avenue—**$300** to **$1,500** each. Inquire of

McCLUNG & RAINBOW, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, jy10 Nos. **195**, **197** and **199** Centre avenue.

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3 STILLS, each **9** feet diameter and **16½** feet long, with about **300** feet condensing pipe, from **4**-inch down to **2½**-inch gas pipe to each still, for **$900** apiece.

2 BOILERS, each **32**-inch diameter and **14** feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for **$500**.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each **12** inch steam cylinder, **7**-inch water cylinder and **12**-inch stroke, for **$300** apiece,

1 IRON AGITATOR, **16** feet diameter and **16** feet deep, with cast iron bottom for **$500**.

700 feet **2½**-inch GAS PIPE at **40c** per foot.

Apply to BRNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. **26** Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. **16** Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. **104** Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as book store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, **168½** Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McFLHENY. jy9:196

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, **3** miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

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Property on Spring Hill, **7**th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains **4** lots **22** feet front by **250** feet deep, on which there is about **250** grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing **4** rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains **5** rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE, Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je29

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DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd.
John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

je10:k43

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

mv1:182

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES MCCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke, John Savage,
J. Dunlevy, Jr., Terence Campbell,
Patrick Kane, James Phelan,
Chas. B. Barr, H. A. Freyvogle,
Jno. Jos. Hermann, Thomas Barnes,
Hugh Keating

je1:k5

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,503,431 33.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.
Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.
Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICEPRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen, A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. F. Fahnestock, Robert Robb,
James Herdman, John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley, James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds, Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock, Christian Yeager.

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Wm. J. Anderson, Robert C. Loomis,
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Madeira,
George Black, John Marshall,
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Alonzo A. Carrier, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans, Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie, Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven, Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker, William Van Kirk,
Richard Hass, Isaac Whittier,
James D. Kelly. Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 137 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS: Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:y1

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS OF JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

mv13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 14, 1869.

Gold which touched last evening 136¾, opened at 137⅜ this morning, declined to 136⅜, and closed at 137⅜. The temper of the gold room is rather bullish, and a very strong feeling for much higher prices is manifested, although it is probable that a reaction from present prices may follow within a day or two, especially in case the government would delay purchasing bonds at advanced figures.

The exports of gold are moderate, and below the average calculated upon during the present month, but unless bonds should advance more in Europe, larger shipments of gold will be necessary.

Government bonds advanced about ¾ per cent. from the quotation of last evening, declined ½ per cent. at noon, and closed strong at an advance fully equal to the decline of the forenoon.

Stocks are strong, and range higher through the entire list.

Money easy.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137½; Silver, 128, Eighty-one's, 120⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 123¾; do 1864, 121⅝; do 1865, 121¾; do 1865, Consols, 120⅝; do 1867, 120½; do 1868, 120⅝; Ten Forties, 110¼; New York Central, 102⅛; Erie, —; Reading, 94; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 50¾, Ohio & Mississippi, 32½; Michigan Southern, 106⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 107¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 17⅜; Chicago & North Western, 80¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94½; Adams Express Company, 59; Merchants Union Express, 5; Pacific Mail, 86; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37½; Am. W. Express, 42½.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,78	$6,87
Paris, per franc	27¼	28¼
Berlin, thaler	99½	1,00½
Frankfort, florins	58	59½

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 137⅛; United States Sixes, 1881, 120⅝; Five-Twenties, 1862, 123¾; do. 1864, 121⅞; do. 1865, 121¾; Ten-Forties, 10¼; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 120⅜; do. do. 1867, 120½; do. do. 1868, 120¾. Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 107½; Lake Superior 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 14, 1879.

Money firmer and active at 7 per cent. currency, and 7 per cent. gold. Sterling firm at 9¾@10. Gold opened at 137⅜, declined to 136⅞, advanced to 137, and closed at 137⅛@137¼, with light transactions. Shipments to-day, $318,000.

Governments active and firmer at close. The three millions purchased by the Treasurer to-day cost from 120 15-100 to 120 38-100. Nine millions were offered in response to a query that the Secretary of the Treasury declines purchasing any bonds but 5-20s. Most of the bonds purchased by the Government were delivered to the Treasurer to-day, thus easing the money market somewhat. Closing prices: Coupons '81, 120¾; do. '62, 123⅞; do. '64, 121⅜; do. '65, 121¾; new do., 120⅞; do. '67, 120⅞; do. '68, 120⅜; 10-40's, 110¼; Pacifics, 107⅜.

State bonds firm. Tennessees, 55½; Virginias, 61; Georgias, 83; North Carolinas, 48; Missouris, 87¾; South Carolinas, 65⅝.

Express stocks dull. Railroads opened weak, but became firmer, closing strong.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 62; Cumberland, 32; Western Union Telegraph, 37⅝; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa, 8½; do. preferred, 14¾; Pacific Mail, 86⅝; Boston Water Power, 15; Wells Express, 23½; Adams 59; American, 42½; United States, 72; New York Central, 206¾; Harlem, 146¼; Hudson, 176¼; Reading, 94⅝; Michigan Central, 132½; Michigan Southern, 106¾; Illinois Central, 144; Pittsburgh, 108½; Northwestern, 88; do. preferred, 94¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 75½; Rock Island, 117¾; St. Paul, 78½; do. preferred, 88; Wabash, 77¼; do. preferred, 80¼; Fort Wayne, 152; Terre Haute, 38; do. preferred, 36; Chicago and Alton, 159; do. preferred, 160; Ohio and Mississippi, 32½; St. Joseph, 120.

Coin disbursements, $651,891. Treasury receipts, $1,030,240; payments, $1,089,711; balance, $94,311,126.

Mining stocks at Boston: Copper Falls, 7; Franklin, 12; Hecla, 30; Hancock, 2; Minnesota, 1¼.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 14, 1869.

The markets generally continue dull and devoid of anything new or important. The demand for almost everything is restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, and, as a consequence, the volume of business is light, while in regard to values, there are no important changes.

The progress of harvesting is being watched with great interest by the public generally, as it is a matter in which everybody is more or less interested. It is generally conceded that the wheat crop will be considerably above an average, and those people who have been predicting that the yield would be a comparative failure, and that high prices would be the order of the day, are not likely to have their expectations realized.

The Peoria *Transcript* in speaking of the recent excitement in the Chicago grain market says: "Grain-buyers here are looking at Chicago with an evil eye. The bulls and bears of the market there, are "cornering" all the grain and destroying the chances of buyers in as small a city as Peoria. The prices of corn and wheat in Chicago are within a few cents of what is paid in New Nork city. Of course that is a fictitious market, and instituted for the purpose of getting and holding all the grain in Chicago for the purpose of speculation. Somebody may lose money on the speculation, or he may gain largely, but, whichever way it results, it don't at all please the Peoria dealers."

The chances are that "somebody will *lose*" on the speculation, but hohlders in the interior have made much better prices for some days past, in consequence of the operation, and besides Peoria dealers may yet find a chance to buy at their own figures.

The wheat crop of California will be fully up to the average of the past two years, and a considerable quantity of the old grain is still in the hands of the growers. The same is true of oats. They have a surfeit of barley and hay on the Pacific coast.

APPLES—Sales of new crop at $3@4 per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Continues quiet and unchanged; sales of good to prime at 20@25.

BEANS—Dull at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6; No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Sales Western Reserve, at 15; Hamburg, at 16; Factory, at 17; and Goshen, at 18.

CARBON OIL—Quiet; may be quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30, for standard brands.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull. Peaches nominal at 9@10 for quarters; 12@14 for mixed, and 16 for prime halves. Apples 10@13 cts.

EGGS—Sales at 20@21c.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FISH—Quoted as follows: No. 1 Mackeral, $14 per half bbl; No. 2, $10,50; No. 3 large (full) $7,50; do short, $6,75; Baltimore Herring $9 per bbl do Shad, $8,50. Lake Herring, $3,25 per half bbl, and White Fish, $8.

FLOUR—The market is quiet but firm, with only a moderate demand, and no change in prices—dealers here, under the influence of a sharp rivalry, are selling at a very slight advance above Chicago rates. Western Flours are quoted at $6,50@7 for Spring Wheat brands, and $7@7,25 for Winter Wheat. Rye Flour $6,25@6,50.

GRAIN—The offerings of Wheat continue light and there is a good milling demand at $1,35@1,40 for good to prime Red. Oats firm but quiet, and it looks now as if holders are going to have some trouble in forcing the market up; we continue to quote at 66@67 on track, and 68@70 in store. Small sales of Rye at $1,25 and a round lot would probably command $1,30. Corn quiet and in limited supply; we continue to quote at 78@80 for mixed, and 83@85 for prime Yellow.

HAY—Baled is being sold to the trade at $25@28 for good to strictly prime Timothy.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at $1,18@1,20 nd No. 1 at $1,48@1,50

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, by the coop, at 65@70c per pair.

POTATOES—Lower; we now quote at $2,50@3 per bbl, as to quality.

PROVISIONS—Shoulders, 14¾@15; Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17¼@18¾; Plain Hams, 18¼@18¾; Plain Sugar Cured, 20; Canvassed, 21½@22; Dried Beef, 21@21½; Lard in tierces 20, in keg and pails 21. Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted by the car load, at $1,75@1,80.

SEED—There is some inquiry for Flax seed and none in market. No demand for Clover or Timothy.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Beeves lower, the 1,900 fresh and nearly 200 left from the last market proving too many for present wants. Several small lots unsold; good are selling at 15, common at 12@13; Cattle, 6 cwt., sold at 13c; 75 Texans, 6¼ cwt., same price; 45 fat Kentucky cattle, 7½ cwt., 15@16; 140 Illinois cattle, pretty good, 7 cwt., at 14¾; the decline was greatest on their stock. Fat Sheep and fat Lambs sell quickly at good prices; poor sheep can scarcely be sold: arrivals of 1850 head and not all sold; 2 cars of Ohio sheep, 75 pounds, brought 4¼c; 1 car, 77 pounds, brought 4c; 1 car, same weight, brought 4¾c; 1 car, 100 pounds, brought 6¾c; 1 car Pennsylvania lambs, 59 pounds, brought 9c; 1 car State, 50 pounds, 10c; 1 car lot, 52 pounds, 10½c; 80 head of State fine, 58 pounds, brought 11½c. Hogs: arrivals of 4,490 head; market firm at 9½@9¾c for live; dressed sold at 12c; a small lot, 17 head Ohio hogs, brought 9¾c, alive.

CHICAGO, July 14.—Cattle dull, 15@25c lower; sales at $4,50@5,00 for cows and heifers; $6,50@7,40 for fair to choice shipping beeves. Hogs quiet and closed weak, $8,25@9,15 for common to choice.

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—Cattle retail at 3½@6½c. Hogs sold at 7¼@9¾c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The Dry Goods market is very quiet, yet steady and firm for all staple Cottons. Heavy Brown Sheetings range at 15½@17, both for Southern and Eastern of best makes; 12½@13½ for Printed Calicoes; the latter rate for new dark work. Grain Bags are in speculative request, and held with much firmness: Amoskeag bring 44@45; Great Falls, 47½; Stark, 50. Cotton Yarns in number, 6 to 12 firm at 40@42, and Carpet Warps 42½@45.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE FASHIONS.

VALABLE HINTS TO THE LADIES.

A new style of skirts called the "round" is now fashionable. It is a compromise between the short dress and the trained skirt. It has no train, but is longer than the walking dress.

An overdress of blue or pink silk, with short sleeves and low, square cut corsage, is worn over a dress of white muslin. The overskirt is looped up at the sides with bows of the same color, displaying an elegantly trimmed skirt, rich with embroidery and volantes, or lace insertion and puffings of the material. The muslin waist is high, and puffed with rows of insertion between, and the sleeve is puffed to the wrist.

Ginghams come in very genteel patterns this season and make pretty dresses for home wear or street suits. They are not confined to little girls, or young ladies either, but are popular among all ages; they wear well and wash well, and are very desirable for school dresses.

Narrow hair-striped prints are as popular as the Scotch ginghams, and though not as serviceable, yet give good wear. They are made with double skirts, and trimmed with frills, and every possible means is taken to aid to the orignal cost and bring them up to a decent figure.

The Marie Antoinitette fan is among the most expensive of such articles. These are made of satin, and are trimmed with costly lace. The sticks are mother of pearl. The price is from fifty to seventy-five dollars.

Full dress fans of satin—Sometimes called the Watteau fan—have handsome flowers painted upon them. They are mounted upon gilt or pearl sticks. The tortoise shell fans are used for full dress, and are also expensive.

Among the cheaper but very pretty varieties is the black fan, which is decorated with spangles and edged with guipure lace. These are mounted upon gilt sticks, and may be had for five dollars.

The long-talked of return to classic styles of coiffure has not taken place. Chignons are worn high and quite as high as ever—though in many cases they are composed of long and short curls, which render them more graceful than the smooth or puffed cushions.

To marseilles there is one weighty objection—it never stops shrinking; and as children's dresses pay frequent visits to the laundry this is a serious drawback.

White pique dresses are generally made plain, scalloped and bound with white braid, though we have seen black used for this purpose; but it is not in good taste, except for mourning, and then, with the addition of a black sash, it looks very well and explains itself.

Thin white spotted muslin street dresses are worn over slips of blue, pink or violet, with sashes and ribbons to correspond. This is in very bad taste; it required a groundwork of pure white to throw out the color of the trimmings, and, moreover, it always reminds one of the style of exhibiting these flimsy goods on the counters.

White linen dresses are trimmed with black or colored braid, and very cool and pretty they are for little girls, or young ladies, either.

Artificial curls of all kinds are worn. The frizzed curls on the forehead, the long, heavy curls behind the ear, and the short or long curls which compose or fall over the chignon. Indeed, wherever they can be placed, curls are admissible.

The high price asked for switches has brought into the market a substitute, which is called hair grass. These switches are long, thick and pliable, and as light as a feather. When the hair is dressed they look quite as well as a switch of real hair, which would cost $50.

Of all the light summery colors white is the favorite for children, and it is reproduced in an infinite variety of materials, from sheer muslin to heavy marseilles. Between these two extremes are white poplin, alpacas, linens and piques.

CHIT CHAT FOR THE GENTLEMEN.

Although the masculine is supposed to be too lofty to stoop to make the masculine body look its prettiest, we have seen some fashionable gentlemen in course of preparation for their summer holidays choosing shirts for traveling, of linen with narrow lines of color, with collars and cuffs to match, of course.

For day dress shirts of white linen, with broad plaited bosoms, were selected, but for resplendant evening toilet the bosoms were required to be embroidered, and the more daintily the better.

Suits of mixed or "robin's egg" cheviot will do for boating, bowling and croquet; for dinner, a brown, black or claret colored coat may accompany a white vest, with trowsers of pale gray or lavender, as delicate in color as the taste of the wearer.

For the extreme of neatness, white suits of finest cassimere are worn, and are particularly affected by the brunette types with eyes of the prevailing shades of brown.

For the blonde fastidious, suits of darker goods, equally fine and cool, are preferred as being more suited by contrast to bring out those particular shades of drab, gray and pale mouse color, so often seen in the masculine blonde.

For neckties, the same tender considerations for possibilities shows itself. There are dainty ties that come by the box or cargo, of finest linen lawn, starched and pressed to shape by the laundress, who never takes the colors.

Satin cravats of solid colors of striped, are also selected, together with Roman ribbons, so much in vogue among the ladies, and any of these are suitable to wear with the fuuneral black.

Some summer house jackets for smoking are made of what we boldly call "baby flannel," of pale gray or lavender; they are very comfortable, and in some cases the material seems most appropriate.

THE rumor that the landing of the shore end of the French Atlantic Cable at Duxbury, Mass., will be prevented does not seem to rest upon any substantial basis. The State of Massachusetts has already given permission for the landing of the cable, and Gov. Claflin, it is asserted, has expressed the opinion that the officers of the United States must determine what action shall be taken. But, admitting that the previous consent of the United States is necessary, the landing of the cable has not been forbidden, and it is very doubtful whether the United States Courts would issue an injunction, or the law officers would ask for such process.

A Balloon Voyage.

We left Buffalo at 4:15 o'clock P. M., and ascended, perpendicularly, about three quarters of a mile, and then drifted out over the bay and lake. The view of the city and country was grand and beautiful. We exchanged signals with a tug in the lake beneath us.

When at an altitude of 3,500 feet we could still see the people in the streets, looking like pigmies, and could also distinguish the spray of Niagara Falls with the naked eye.

About twelve minutes to five o'clock we cut loose the drag rope which was coiled around the car. It created a fearful sound, and not being properly secured to the car dropped into the lake and was lost. About twenty minutes past five, being half a mile high, we commenced descending with great rapidity, and landed in the water in a minute and a half. All seized the rope and pressed upon the sides of the car.

All the provisions got wet and were partially spoiled. Threw out a small quantity of ballast and ascended again. About twenty miuutes to six again descended with great velocity, and again found ourselves in the lake, but quickly rose again with the loss of a bag of sand.

About eight minutes to six had reached a great attitude, and commenced drifting toward the shore. At six o'clock passed over the beach, a good breeze blowing—could see several villages, and passed Eighteen Mile Creek at ten minutes past six, traveling, Mr. King thought, thirty miles an hour, at least.

In a few minutes we had reached an altitude of two miles; it became hazy, and we could no longer see Buffalo. At twelve minutes after six we passed almost over Eden, and heard the people shouting and dogs barking. All hands felt exceedingly jolly.

The balloon commenced to descend, and shouts of "Come down, and we will take you back to Buffalo," were heard. Gave three cheers and a tiger for Eden. Rose again and passed lengthwise over a piece of woods. About twenty minutes to seven we neared the earth, and threw out the anchor and descended into an oat field. The people came out and helped to hold the anchor, and we finally touched the ground in an adjoining cornfield. About ten minutes after seven we rose from Eden, amid the cheering of a crowd of about one hundred persons.

The ballast was thrown overboard freely, and in two minute's time we rose to the height of one mile and a half. At this height the cold became intense, and overcoats were brought into requisition. Our course was nearly due south. We passed over Collins and other villages, in several of which displays of fireworks could be seen. At four minutes past eight the gas could be seen coming out of the bottom of the balloon, a sign that an elevation of two miles had been reached, and for the first time Mr. King opened the valve. At eight o'clock we passed over Cattarangus Creek.

Here we sailed over an enormous tract of woods. Descent on the homeward side was spoken of, but the aeronaut decided to sail over them. The balloon descended very nearly to the tree-tops, but then the last bag of ballast was taken in hand, and judicious use of its contents carried us over. From this point it began to grow dark. The country was heavily wooded, and whenever the earth was approached the forbidding tree-tops were underneath, and it was necessary to rise again, to accomplish which the boards from the bottom of the car were ripped up and thrown overboard.

The course continued over the interminable forests of Cattaraugus county, though it was impossible to judge in which direction we were drifting. Shortly before eleven o'clock we drew near a mountain top, and not having sufficient buoyancy to clear the tree-tops, went crashing through them in a maner more dashing than pleasant. Mr. King, seeing that a descent was inevitable, as nearly all the ballast was gone, dropped anchor a few minutes afterward, and at precisely eleven o'clock rebounded, and it caught in what proved to be the top of a pine tree, nearly one hundred feet high.

The anchor-rope let down the balloon about fifty feet, and a line dropped, showed that the party was at that distance from the ground, suspended there between heaven and earth. The hours of night were watched out, and shortly after daylight, at twenty minutes past five A. M., the anchor-rope was cut and the "Hyperion" came down by the run, landing the party without a bruise; but the balloon was ribbed into shreds by the branches of the pine.

Investigation showed that the night had been spent anchored to the tallest tree of Rock Robbie, the highest spur of the Alleghenies, in McKean or Warren county, Pennsylvania, a point about fourteen miles southeast of Warren, and seventy-five miles nearly due south of Buffalo.—*Warren (Pa) Cor. Buffalo Courier, July 5.*

Sunstroke.

Sunstroke, like hydrophobia, is always a doubtful subject as to what it really is, and how caused. The forms of medical treatment in the case of sunstroke are as varied as the theorics advanced of the character of the malady. In England such cases are considered as arising from direct over heating of the blood, and treated accordingly. At home some doctors consider it a poisoning of the blood, and follow a treatment analogous to that in snake poisoning. Indian doctors believe that is occasioned by the direct action of the sun's rays upon the hair, or perhaps upon the *medalla oblorgata*. But now is this effect caused? What rays of the sun thus affect? It cannot be the illuminating rays, nor can it be the heat, for firemen, puddlers, glass-blowers, &c., endure much greater heat, and at still greater disadvantage. But in the solar rays we have the "actinic" or chemical rays, and it is the actinic which acts most powerfully on organic nature; and the actinic rays are surpassingly energetic in the tropics.—*Engineering Journal.*

—The work on the North Missouri Railroad bridge, at St. Charles, which was suspended in part by the late high waters, has been resumed, and is being pushed with force and vigor. The damage to the work will not exceed $10,000, including the labor that was employed for about two weeks in protecting embankments and keeping the works clear of drift wood that covered the river. The bridge will be completed within a year.

—In consequence of excavations for a new building on Main street, Hartford, Conn., an adjoining building, belonging to Russ & Tate, fell yesterday afternoon, causing a loss to the owners and occupants of $15,000 to $20,000. Sufficient warning was given to the inmates to allow them to escape and no one was injured.

NOTICES.

☞ **PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

☞ **NOTICE.**

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞ No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first ☜ An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. e5:k68

DIVIDENDS.

☞ **DIVIDEND.**

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO., July 13th, 1869.

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share of the Capital Stock, payable on demand at the office of the Company.

jy13:m10 W. H. McCLELLAND, Treas'r.

☞ **THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of the NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 23 Diamond, Allegheny, have declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst.

jy12:m9 JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

OFFICE ARTIZAN'S INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 7, 1869.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, to be credited on the stock rates.

jy12:m10 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

☞ **DIVIDEND.—The Board of** Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS a share, on the stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the office of said Company, No. 94 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869. jy9:194

OFFICE OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 41 Ohio Street.
ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THE** BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869.

GEORGE D. RIDDLE, Secretary.
jy8:180

☞ **DIVIDEND.—The President** and DIRECTORS of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith.

EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer,
jy7:168 185 Liberty street.

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.

☞ **DIVIDEND.—The Directors** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.

jy7:170 JOHN SCOTT JR., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.

☞ **DIVIDEND.—The Board of** Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

jy7:73 JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, July 3d, 1869.

☞ **THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith free of all taxes.

R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.
jy5:166

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3.
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 423 Penn Street.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.

jy5 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

☞ **QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.**

FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of state and Government Tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5 1869. jy5:162

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

☞ **THE MECHANICS NATIONAL** BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst.

JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.
jy2:132

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

☞ **DIVIDEND.—The Directors** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.

jy2:131 CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.

jy1:129 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

☞ **DIVIDEND.—The President,** DENT, Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSTBURG, Treasurer.
jy2:123

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? Is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets healthy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 335 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists.

my19:151-d&F

☞ **DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES** TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be administered without confinement or inconvenience. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

☞ **ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.**—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all part culars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my18:j22

☞ **BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

☞ **EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED** —Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

☞ **THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, Free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:163-d&F

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 12, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Western to South Avenues, Also the assessment for Grading of FRAZIER STREET from Western to Ohio Avenues, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer, until July 20th, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy13:m15 CITY ENGINEER.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Elm street (Bloomfield) from Main street to the Pennsylvania Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
jy10:m2

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
jy5

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
jy1:l 8

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 28d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HO SON.
jy5:165 A. M. MARSHALL.

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
jy5:165 THOMAS SMITH.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1 800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1.500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12.000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3.500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 31 day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands cost said Company more than $300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;

"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;

"CULLIN'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;

"SALLE P TS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND a tached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
j 1 Special Commissioners.

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:j46

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $70 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 300 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET
je6 office, back room.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each,

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms; CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings. A

Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c.

For particulars call on the premises, or at JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 349 Liberty street, or address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. jy10:107

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE. —FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, fe28 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. —Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE IN ALLEGHENY CITY FOR SALE.—A well built two story Brick House, of hall, seven rooms and cellar; gas and water fixtures; lot twenty feet front by one hundred and ten deep to an alley. In good location. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, jy10 39 Sixth Avenue.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

T. is Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,

Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J..

Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address.

PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street Philadelphia.
fe2:k15-WFM

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

my21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving of that part of Union Street, in Seventh Ward, at present opened.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Union street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Union street respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Union street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy14

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving Race Alley, from Isabella Street to the River.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Race alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Race alley, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Race alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

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Ordained and enacted into a law this the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of the Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of the Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy14

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Montgomery Alley.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive Proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows: On Mont

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE is furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.

A Grand Social Picnic is to be held in McFarland's Grove on Thursday, July 29th. The arrangements are upon the most liberal scale, and we anticipate a large attendance.

Gun Shop Entered.—At an early hour last Sunday morning the gun shop of J. H. Johnston, on Wayne street near Liberty, was entered by burglars who carried off a number of powder flasks and other articles, amounting in value to $100. They escaped with their booty and left no clue.

Desertion.—Mrs. Ann McGinnis made information yesterday before Alderman Donaldson against her husband, Andrew A. McGinnis, for desertion. Subsequently the difficulty was arranged by the delinquent benedict returning to his dwelling, and pledging himself to better conduct in the future.

Selling Liquor on Sunday.—Mrs. Lucinda M. Blood, who, it is ascertained, is acting in the interests of the "informers," yesterday made information before Alderman Neeper, charging Henry Eichner, a druggist, with selling liquor on Sunday. The case will come up for a hearing this morning.

Kept the Furniture.—Robert H. Hartley made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, against J. C. P. Smith for larceny as bailee. The accused, according to the allegations, rented an office from Hartley, on Fourth avenue, containing a quantity of furniture, for which he was to pay a certain price. He failed, however, it is said, in his agreement and still refuses to give up the furniture, hence the information. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Alleged False Pretense.—Carl F. Frasch made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday, against a young business man of that borough, charging him with cheating by false pretenses. It is alleged by the prosecutor that the accused in payment of a bill, gave him a check on the Workingmen's Savings Bank of Allegheny for $30, and that when he presented the check, he was informed that the defendant hae no money on deposit there. A warrant was issued.

A Bill of Groceries.—Jonh Mitchell proprietor of a grocery store on Fourth avenue, alleges that John Fritzler obtained from him groceries, amounting in value to twenty-three dollars and sixteen cents, by representing that he was a contractor, and that at the time he had a contract with the Connellsville Railroad Company, to remove debris from a land slide, which would net him a considerable profit, representations which, subsequently were found to be untrue. Officer Blondin arrested Fritzler in his dwelling, at Wood's run. He was held for a hearing.

Assaulted a Woman.

John N. Jarrett, constable of East Birmingham, yesterday made information before Justice Heisel, charging Robert Tippert with assault and battery. It appears that Tippert's sister-in-law resided with him, and a few evenings since quarreled with her sister, the wife of the defendant, whereupon he, the defendant, knocked her down and threw her out of the door, down a pair of steps, seriously injuring her. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Assaulted at a Pic-Nic.

A few days ago a pic-nic was held at a grove near Sharpsburg, which numbered among its attendants Adam Becker and Frederick Gazen. In the course of the festivities something occurred to mar the good feeling previously existing between Adam and Fred, when the latter, it is alleged, assaulted his opponent and knocked him down. Adam let the insult pass at the time, but subsequently made complaint before Alderman Thomas against his assailant, which caused his arrest. After a hearing he was required to give bail for Court.

Assault and Battery.

J. P. Krehan made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday, charging Terrence and Catherine Seely with assault and battery. It appears that the parties had been attending a picnic, where a difficulty occurred between them, but was temporarily settled. On their way home they were talking the matter over, and another difficulty ensued, when, as is alleged by the prosecutor, the defendants beat and abused him. They were arrested and, after a hearing, held to bail for their appearance at Court.

In order to be even with Krehan, Terrence Seely made information before Justice Heisel, charging him with assault and battery. Krehan was arrested and held for a hearing.

An Unsafe Custodian.

A few days ago, so runs the information, James Camp, in an excess of confidence, entrusted to the care of a boon companion, James Furguson, eight dollars for safe keeping until the next day. At the designated time he asked for the funds, but, according to his statement, received but two dollars, the remainder being kept in the hands of Furguson, who peremptorily refused to hand the same over to their owner. Finding expostulations and entreaties of no avail, Camp acquainted his wife with the circumstance, and she, with that ingenuity for which woman is proverbial, quickly instituted measures for the return of the treasure or getting justice, by calling upon Alderman Thomas and lodging an information for larceny as bailee against Ferguson. Upon this Ferguson was arrested, and in default of bail committed for trial.

Alexander Von Humboldt.

A meeting of the leading German citizens of the city was held at Turner Hall, Sixth avenue, last evening, to make arrangements for the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the birth of Alexander Von Humboldt, which occurs on the 14th of September next.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. C. F. Bauer, on whose motion Dr. Joseph Abl was called to the chair, and Capt. Julius Montzheimer elected Secretary.

The Chairman stated the object of the meeting, which was merely preliminary, in order that there might be concert of action by all persons interested in the matter.

On motion, the following named gentlemen were appointed a Committee to prepare a programme: Dr. Joseph Abel, Ph. R. Mertz, Julius Montzheimer, H. Knobel, C. Meyran, J. Pohl, Dr. F. Hardtmeyer, J. Siengel and Otto Krebs.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman, at Turner's Hall.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

WEDNESDAY, July 14.—Stewart Sampson, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, was placed on trial and the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. John McKirdy, indicted for embezzlement. The defendant was Secretary of the National Refining and Storing Company, which Company, it appears, had sold to John Thompson 5,000 barrels of oil, to be delivered at a future time, and when the time arrived the Company could not deliver the oil, and the Secretary, contrary to the instructions, as it is alleged, of the Board of Directors, drew a check in favor of Thompson for the damages alleged to have been sustained by the latter.

The Commonwealth was represented by Messrs. Marshall and Brown, and Messrs. Woods and Geyer appeared for the defendant. The Commonwealth proved the appropriation or conversion of the money to the use of John Thompson, and that the Secretary had been notified not to pay the debt.

The defense offered to prove the debt a just and legal one, in order to rebut the presumption of fraud, which necessarily implied a ventilation of the entire transaction upon which the debt was based.

The prosecution objected, holding that the payment of the money was fraudulent whether the debt was legal or not.

The Court overruled the objection and admitted the evidence. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

440, Com. vs. Wm. H. Parsons.
423. " B. Hartman.
424. " Wm. Purviance.
434. " Thomas Gumbert.
438. " John Anderson.
222. " John Ryland.
228. " Stephen Hoffman.
188. " John McDonald.

Fatal Accident—Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson held an inquest last evening on the body of George Berry, a resident of Newark, N. J., who died at the Homeopathic Hospital, on Second avenue, about half-past two o'clock. It appears that Berry, in company with Louis Armstrong, also a resident of Newark, having been at Newport, Kentucky, were on their way home, and being out of money were "stealing transportation." They were put off from two trains between Cincinnati and Cadiz junction, but still persevered. At the latter place, it seems, they climbed to the top of one of the cars of the Southern Express train. Nothing was seen of them until the train was approaching Bulger's station, at six o'clock yesterday morning. A freight train had switched off there to await the passing of the express, and as the latter went by, the men on the freight saw Armstrong holding Berry on the car. Berry was lying with his body half over the edge of the roof, and his companion was using every exertion to keep him from falling off. The engineer of the express was signaled and stopped the train, and the two men were taken down. Berry was insensible, and presented a ghastly spectacle. His skull was crushed, his face smashed, and one of his eyes knocked completely out of its socket. The only explanation Armstong could give of the matter was, that he was lying asleep on the roof, and was awakened by Berry falling over him. He supposes that he was standing up, and struck his head against a bridge or tunnel. The injured man was placed with his companion in the express car and brought to the city. Dr. Hamilton visited him but stated that there was no hope for him Lieutenant Wooldridge had the unfortunate man conveyed, with the utmost care, to the Homeopathic Hospital on Second avenue, where he died as stated. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.

A Ball That Was To Be.

A large number of "nymphs" and youngs scamps were slightly disappointed last evening, and made to realize the truth of the adage,

"There's many a slip
Twixt the cup and the lip."

A ball had been arranged to take place at the Continental Hotel, which for some time past has been unoccupied, and those of our readers that remember the very disgraceful scenes enacted there last winter, can easily imagine what class of individuals the gathering would be composed of. The arragements had, as was supposed by the invited guests, all been completed, and a grand affair, of its character, was anticipated. At an early hour in the evening, the "nymphs du pave" and others of less public fame turned their faces toward the Continental in high glee, in anticipation of the fun. Imagine their chagrin and disappointment when arriving at the place of their destination, at finding the doors securely nailed, and all dark within. Mr. Anderson owner of the property, it appears got wind of the affair and put a stop to the proceedings by nailing the doors and windows so securely as to prevent the revelers from gaining admission. With sad hearts and solemn tread relieved by numerous curses upon the person who had thus deprived them of a night of pleasure, they returned to their dens.

Sunday School Anniversary.

The Thirty-Second Anniversary of the Sunday School connected with the First Christain Church, corner of Beaver street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny, Joseph King, Pastor, was held on Tuesday evening of this week. The exercises were of an interesting character, consisting of singing by the children, the presentation of prizes to different classes and scholars, and also the presentation of a very beautiful banner to that class, (Wm. H. Graham, teacher,) which is to be known for six months to come as the banner class. The banner was one of the most beautiful we ever saw. The material of which it is made is silk; on one side the name of the Sunday School, and beneath this the words; "Jesus our Captain." On the other side the words of Solomon; "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth," and under this the motto; "Jesus, the water of life, will fully give to them who love him."

The Sunday School connected with the above named church is in a prosperous condition. The Superintendent, J. E. Strickler, and teachers are faithful, devoted and persevering, and are doing a good work in behalf of the young.

The Park Fountains.

The Allegheny Park Commission have decided to reserve the space on Ohio street, between Union and Cedar avenues, for occupation by a large fountain, which will be so constructed as to afford facilities for watering horses and cattle passing by, thus serving the double purpose of beauty and utility.

The Davis drinking fountain, in the Second Ward Square, has proved so popular that it is proposed to place a number of others at convenient points throughout the grounds for the accommodation of promenaders. These will be placed in position as fast as the improvement of the ground progresses.

A Juvenile Thief.

A day or two since a little Italian girl, aged about twelve years, and residing in the upper portion of the city, developed thieving propensities of an advanced order, which would have caused her, in other cirsumstances, to gain much favor in the eyes of the great master Fagin himself. She did it in this wise: Happening to be in a neighbor's house, and in the room with the mistress of the mansion, she observed the lady open a bureau drawer, deposit therein a pocket book and gold watch, then close and lock the drawer and put the key in another drawer in the same piece of furniture. The witness of these actions made careful observations of everything, while seemingly paying no attention. A short time afterward the lady went out of the house upon an errand, and, suspecting nothing, left the little girl in the room. When she returned the visitor was gone, and an examination of the drawer revealed the absence of the money which had been in the pocket-book, twenty-one dollars in all. The pocket-book and gold watch remained exactly as they had been left, and to all appearances seemed as if they had not been touched. There was also a roll of money in another part of the drawer which could as easily have been taken, but the thief apparently had but one objective point, the money in the pocket book. The lady informed her husband of the affair, but nothing was said and the two went to work quietly to develop the affair. They succeeded in getting a clue to the girl's operations, from a companion who said she had been exhibiting a quantity of money a short time before, and had been very liberal in furnishing refreshments to her playmates. It was also discovered that she had bought a new suit of clothes for her little brother, and a new hat for a sister besides making sundry other purchases which were easily traced. Finally the little Italian, who had been suspected, was brought in and charged with the theft. At first, of course, she denied everything, but finally confessed she had taken it immediately after the departure of the lady from the room, and had endeavored to ward off suspicion by leaving everything as she had found them, even putting the key with which she unlocked the drawer back into its place. Part of the money had been divided with a companion. The parents of the two were informed of the affair, and to save further trouble at once made up the amount stolen. The affair, for one so young, was managed with a degree of shrewdness, except in the matter of displaying the spoils, worthy of an older head and a better business.

Tired of Life.

Tuesday night about eleven o'clock, and at two o'clock yesterday morning, Mrs. Mullen, wife of Hugh Mullen, residing on Penn street in the Tenth Ward, attempted twice to end her earthly cares, by taking a leap into the mystic future. It appears that her husband is a worthless creature, and abuses her when he gets drunk, which is whenever he has money to buy whisky. Monday night he beat her and was at her request arrested and taken to the lock-up, where he remained over night. The next morning he was discharged on the payment of a small fine, and Tuesday evening he returned home drunk as usual, and again abused his wife, after which he left the premises. Shortly after he had taken his departure, she sent her only child, a little girl about eight years of age, out of the house on some pretext, when she took her apron strings and twisting them around her neck, had almost succeeded in strangling herself when the child returned. Finding her mother, as she supposed, dying she ran out and gave the alarm, when some of the neighbors ran in, removed the strings from her neck, and by the aid of the proper remedies restored her to consciousness.

On being interrogated as to why she attempted so rash an act, she replied that she had no peace on earth and had no desire to live longer. She was properly cared for, and some of the neighbors remained in the house with her. About ten o'clock in the morning her watchers, anticipating no further trouble, went to sleep, and the woman got up, secured a vial of laudanum, which she must have purchased some time previously, and swallowed the contents. Luckily, however, the dose proved to great and caused her to vomit profusely. A physician was summoned, who administered the proper antidotes, and she is now doing well. It is said that she still expresses a determination to destroy herself.

A Malicious Bratt.

Hardscrabble seems destined to be one of "the few, the immortal names that were not born to die," in police circles at least. Yesterday it was the scene of another interesting and exciting episode, which necessitated the subsequent appearance of the principals engaged, Mrs. Rosanna Ewing and Michael Bratt, at the office of Alderman McMasters. The circumstances were then fully detailed. Rosanna and Michael are neighbors, but their relations for some time have not been of the most amicable character, in fact a feud exists between them which is being continually manifested in sundry annoying methods. The latest was that of yesterday. Rosanna had just finished washing a quantity of fine linen, and had hung it on a line to dry, when Bratt, maliciously, she says, seized the opportunity to spitefully use her by cutting the line and allowing the linen to sweep the ground, which compelled her to put it through a second washing to restore its whiteness. Incensed beyond measure at this piece of meanness she forthwith called at the magistrate's office and lodged complaint against the offender for malicious mischief, hence the appearance of the twain before the Alderman. After a hearing and an examination into the circumstances of the case, the official dismissed Michael with a severe reprimand, and imposed upon him the payment of the costs incurred. This action perfectly satisfied Rosanna and quiet once more reigned in Hardscrabble.

Bold Burglars.

Yesterday morning, a short time before day-break, a couple of burglars, with masks covering their faces, boldly entered a house in Robinson township, occupied by an aged couple, and walking up to their bedside coolly demanded all the money and valuables about the premises. They accompanied the demand with fierce threats and actions, which so intimidated the aged couple that they forthwith handed over what was desired, consisting of about eighty-eight dollars in coin and greenbacks and the old gentleman's watch. Having accomplished their purpose the impudent villains retired without disturbing anything further about the place. As they were masked and departed hastily no clue was obtained in reference to them. They were, however, evidently acquainted with the house and inmates, and understood their programme. It is a great pity such rascals can escape detection.

New Odd Fellows Hall at Tarentum—Corner Stone Laying To-Day.

Odd Fellowship in Tarentum, as in every other place, seems to flourish finely and admirably sustains its dignity and importance. An evidence of its popularity and success is apparent in the fact that it has succeeded in making all the necessary arrangements, and securing the funds for the erection of a commodious hall, the corner stone of which will be laid to-day with appropriate ceremonies. The building is of the most substantial design, and when completed will be one of the finest specimens of architecture in the vicinity, an honor and credit to the Order, and a noticeable ornament to the town.

The work has thus far progressed very satisfactorily and will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible, in order that the Hall may be devoted to the purposes for which it is erected at the earliest possible moment. The ceremonies to-day will be under the supervision of Grand Secretary Nicholson, who will deliver the oration and conduct the exercises in detail, in accordance with the beautiful routine adopted by the Order on such occasions. A general invitation was issued to the members in this vicinity to be present on the occasion if possible, and in compliance therewith a large number left last evening, to be followed by others this morning. The affair promises to be one of great interest, and will doubtless be largely attended by brother Odd Fellows outside of Pittsburgh and the immediate locality where it will take place.

Successful and Popular.

If success be the test of merit, and it certainly is, then the Directors, stockholders and friends of the "National," of Allegheny, have reason to be proud of the standing and position of their company in the community to-day, for there is no organizatiou which enjoys a higher or more satisfactory reputation. This is not, nowever, a cause of wonder, when the fact is remembered and attested by all its patrons that its business has been and is conducted, in even the smallest particulars, on equitable and honorable principles, every patron having the full advantage of prompt and fair dealing. Thus a reason is found why its Directors can declare such handsome dividends as that just made, two dollars and fifty cents per share, payable forthwith to the stockholders. Evidences of success such as these are eminently satisfactory, and reflect credit in the highest degree upon its managers and Directors, who are thorough going and well known business men, and the Secretary, James E Stevenson, as genial and clever a gentleman as ever handled a pen. In every respect the "National" is a successful and consequently popular institution, worthy the fullest confidence of a judicious public.

A Generous Offer.

We stated a few days since that the Germans hereabouts were debating the feasibility of erecting a memorial in honor of Humboldt, and that the Allegheny Park Commission had offered them a site in the Park. Since then the Commission have made a more encouraging offer, and now propose to donate the grounds and build the foundation for the monument free of charge. This is certainly a very generous offer, and one which every lover of the great man's memory, cannot but earnestly hope will be accepted.

In this connection may it not be appropiate to suggest to our Scottish friends and admirers of that wonderful child of genius—Burns— a similar manifestation of their appreciation of his worth and memory. Certainly there are numbers here who rever his name and would assist in such a noble enterprise. Who will set the ball rolling.

An Unprofitable Visitor.

Yesterday, Hugh Mason was enjoying the luxury of a comfortable after-dinner nap, at his boarding house in the Seventh ward, when he was visited by an acquaintance, Arthur Goodwin. Upon entering the bed-room and finding his friend in the land of dreams, Arthur, it is said, amused himself by ransacking the apartment. Coming across Hugh's pantaloons in the course of his examination, he abstracted therefrom, so it is stated, a pocketbook containing about seventeen dollars, with which he disappeared hastily. Hugh awoke soon after, quickly discovered his loss, made inquiry and found he had been visited by Arthur, which fact, together with Arthur's mysterious disappearance, caused him to suspect who was the thief. Accordingly, information was made before Alderman Thomas immediately and a warrant for the arrest of Arthur was issued. At last accounts he had not been found.

First-Class Establishment.—To get the latest style and a superior piece of goods we recommend Mr. B. Tiegel, Merchant Tailor, No. 53 Smithfield street, near Fourth avenue. Mr. T. is too well known to require any recommendation, as he has been connected as cutter with one of the most fashionable establishments in this city. His goods have all been selected by himself, and are of the very best patterns. He keeps a full assortment of gentlemen's furnishing goods. Give him a call.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Thin Dress Goods, cheap, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

To Shoppers and Others.—L. E. Sutton, 58 Market street, second story, has secured the services of some of the best Stencil Cutters in the country, and is prepared to furnish, at short notice, Stencil Plates, Steel Stamps, &c., of all descriptions. Mr. S. has gained an enviable reputation for promptness, and for the superior manner in which all of his work is performed. We request our readers wishing any article in his line to examine his patterns.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Caution—Poisonous Toilet Powder.—The use of powder, blooms, etc., which cannot help but ruin the skin eventually, is fast becoming superseded by that new and exquisite beautifier, Milk of Violets, which is sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. Especially for summer use it is delightful. General Agent V. W. Brinckerhoff, N. Y.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists.

TTHS:T.

Wonderful.—Henry W. Burr, No. 49 West 14th street, while on a visit to the West, was attacked with severe illness from drinking impure water. Life was despaired of, and it was thought that he must die. His wife was immediately sent for, and in a day or two was at his bedside. Having herself seen the beneficial results from the use of PLANTATION BITTERS, she insisted upon their being administered to him, which was done, in quantities prescribed by the attending physician. The result was almost as if by magic, and in one-half hour from the time they were given her husband was out of danger, and by a moderate use of them three or four times a day, he was soon able to resume his journey to his home. This is but one case of many thousands that we know of.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

For Sale at all Grocery Stores.—
Marvin's Crackers,
Marvin's Jubilee Cakes,
Marvin's Milk Biscuits,
Marvin's Manilla Jumbles,
Marvin's Ginger Cakes,
Marvin's Toast Biscuits.

Everything in the bakery line that you want for family use. Ask for Marvin's. Marvin's store is No. 91 Liberty street. Wholesale and retail trade supplied at the lowest cash rates.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Lawns, Organdies, Hermani, Grenadines, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Lama Lace Mantles, in variety, at Bates & Bell's.

A Beautiful House.—The residence of Mr. G. K. Towers, at Hazlewood, will be sold on Monday next at one o'clock. This property is highly improved and the location is a good one. A neat dwelling of nine rooms will be sold at the same time. We call attention to the advertisement in another column.

White Bedouins and Summer Shawls, Bates & Bell's.

Ask Your Grocer for Marvin's Crackers, Biscuits, Bread, Snaps, &c. Everything in his line is kept by all first-class grocery stores. Ask for them and take none other.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Japanese Silks—Reduced prices, at Bates & Bell's.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Hon. W. H. Seward and party have sailed for Alaska.

—Two hundred and nine children died in Brooklyn last week.

—Col. James B. Latimer, one of the defenders of Baltimore in 1814, died yesterday aged 72.

—The communion service of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, was stolen on Monday evening by sneak thieves.

—British Commissioner Rose left New York for Canada on Tuesday, to report progress upon the reciprocity.

—Subscriptions are being made at Quebec to send west destitute Swedes and Norwegians, brought out by ocean steamers.

—A disease has broken out among the silk worms in California. The largest dealers have lost their first broods of French worms.

—Geo. Wygert, baker, of Tarrytown, N. Y., has been arrested for incendiarying his premises, thereby causing the late conflagration there.

—Fulton, of the Paris crew, won the scull race yesterday, at St. Johns, N. B., beating Morris with nearly four minutes to spare. Distance, four miles.

—Benjamin W. Foster was tried at Springfield, Mass., on Tuesday, and sentenced to the State's prison for life for a rape on a girl eleven years of age.

—Rooms are being fitted up in the building adjoining that used by the artillery mess in Dalhousie Square, Montreal, for Prince Arthur, during his stay there.

—Clark & Elsor's store, a large barn, Dunn Bro.'s store, sheds and stables, the postoffice and six dwellings were burned on Tuesday, in Union village, N. J. Loss $25,000.

—The German Citizen's Rights Society of Boston, have petitioned Governor Claflin to stay the enforcement of the prohibitory liquor law until a vote of the people can be taken.

—Mrs. B. A. Ormsbee, widow, living in Springfield, Ohio, was shot dead by a burglar on Wednesday morning. The muderer fired through a window, and was observed, but made his escape.

—Wade Bolton was shot in front of the Court House at Memphis yesterday morning, by Dr. Dickens. It was a continuation of a family feud of several years duration, which has already caused the killing and crippling of more than a dozen persons.

—A match between Tom Allen and Chas. C. Gallagher, for a prize fight, was closed yesterday, at St. Louis. The battle is to take place on the 17th of August, within fifty miles of St. Louis, for $500 a side, open for an increase to $1,000 and excursion money.

—The Woman's Convention at Saratoga, yesterday, adopted a constitution similar to the National Suffrage Association, and the platform submitted on Tuesday. Addresses were delivered by Mrs. Wilbur, Miss Anthony and others, after which they adjourned.

—Joseph J. Bates, convicted in the United States District Court at Boston, of manufacturing stills without paying tax, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of $1,000. Bates sold only old stills, for illicit distilling, and then informed on the distiller, making money both ways.

—At an adjourned meeting of the American Tract Society of Boston, after a lengtey discussion of propositions to dissolve the society, dividing the assets among the three denominations interested, to re-unite with the New York branch or sustain its present independence, finally tabled all the propositions and adjourned.

—While attending to queries from a confederate, a thief quietly walked off with the box of the cashier of the Seaman's Bank, New York, on Monday afternoon, and both thieves escaped. Subsequently the box was found in an entry with $25,000 of bonds not negotiable, while $10,000 in governments and available bonds were gone. No arrests.

—On Monday evening, Warren Colburn, Vice President of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad Company, was arrested in New York for alleged violation of an injunction restraining officers of the Company from using stock for the completion of the road. The violation of the injunction is charged to have consisted in the removal of the Company's transfer books to Toledo. Mr. Colburn was promptly released on bail. It is said warrants have been issued for the arrest of the directors,

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, July 14.—Receipts—Flour, 1,300 bush; wheat, 24,000 bush. Shipments—Wheat, 140,000 bush; corn, 8,000 bush. Freights, 13c on wheat, 11c on corn, and 7¼c on oats to New York. Flour very dull, with a retail trade only. Wheat very dull; sale early of 5,500 bush No. 2 Milwaukee at $1.39; in the afternoon 7,500 bush No. 2 Chicago were sold at $1,37 and 7,500 bush Milwaukee by sample at $1,38. Corn in demand and steady; sales early of 62,000 bush western by sample at 72@73½c, 8,000 bush No. 1 western at 85c, 24,000 bush No. 2 do. at 82½c, and 8,000 bush do. at 83c; in the afternoon 3,000 bush No. 2 western were sold at 83½c and 8,000 bush at 84c, asking 85c at the close. Oats dull; small lots sold at 75c. Rye steady and nominal. Pork dull at $33. Lark dull at 19c. Highwines higher; sales of 100 bbls at $1,00; retailing in 5 and 10 barrel lots at $1,02.

NEW ORLEANS, July 14.—Cotton steady; middlings 32½c; sales 424 bales; receipts 37 bales; exports, 104 bales. Gold 137½. Exchange, Sterling 151; New York sight drafts, ½ premium. Flour firm; Superfine $6; treble extras, $6,75. Corn, white $1,15. Oats 78c. Bran, $1,05. Hay, prime, $26. Pork firmer; held at $34,50. Bacon firmer, asking 15, 18½ and 19c. Lard, tierce, 19½@20½c; keg 21½@22c. Sugar unchanged. Molasses nominal. Whisky $1,04@1,10. Coffee dull and nominal.

CHICAGO, July 14.—In the afternoon wheat and corn were moderately active. No. 2 spring wheat selling at a range of $1,29½@1,31. No. 2 Corn 79¾@80c both seller for month. Provisions and freights inactive. In the evening wheat sold at $1,30½ seller the month, closing with sellers at this figure, and buyers at $1,30¼. No. 2 Corn held at 80½c seller last half.

DETROIT, July 14.—Flour is dull and unchanged. Wheat is very quiet, with sales of No. 1 white at $1,64, and No. 2 do. at $1,37@1,38.

NASHVILLE, July 14.—Cotton, no sales. Wheat advancing: red $1,12½, amber $1,17½, white $1,22½@1,25. Flour $7@7,50 per bbl.

SAN FRACISCO, July 14.—Flour at $4,62@5,50. Wheat; choice firm at $1,65@1,70. Legal Tenders at 84¼.

DIED:

GRAFF—On Wednesday afternoon, 14th inst., at 4:30 o'clock, Mrs. ELIZABETH, widow of the late Henry Graff, in the 70th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 323 Penn street, on FRIDAY MORNING, 16th inst., at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KIRKPATRICK—On Tuesday evening, July 13th, at quarter past 8 o'clock, WALTER, youngest son of Henry and Mary Ann Kirkpatrick, aged 5 months and 9 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of the parents, on Webster avenue, above Roberts street, Eleventh ward, TO DAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner FEDERAL STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with Real and Imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

DRUGS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED, per steamer HELVETIA.

SQUIRE'S GRANULAR EF. POTASSA. 500 lbs.
SQUIRE'S GRANULAR EF. BROMIDE POTASSA. 50 lbs.
SQUIRE'S GRANULAR EF. IODIDE POTASSA. 25 lbs.
SQUIRE'S GRANULAR EF. BROMIDE AMMONIUM. 20 lbs.
SQUIRE'S GRANULAR EF. CITRATE OF IRON AND QUININE. 25 lbs.
SQUIRE'S GRANULAR EF. CARBONATE LITHIA. 10 lbs.
RIMMEL'S EXTRACTS.
BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
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